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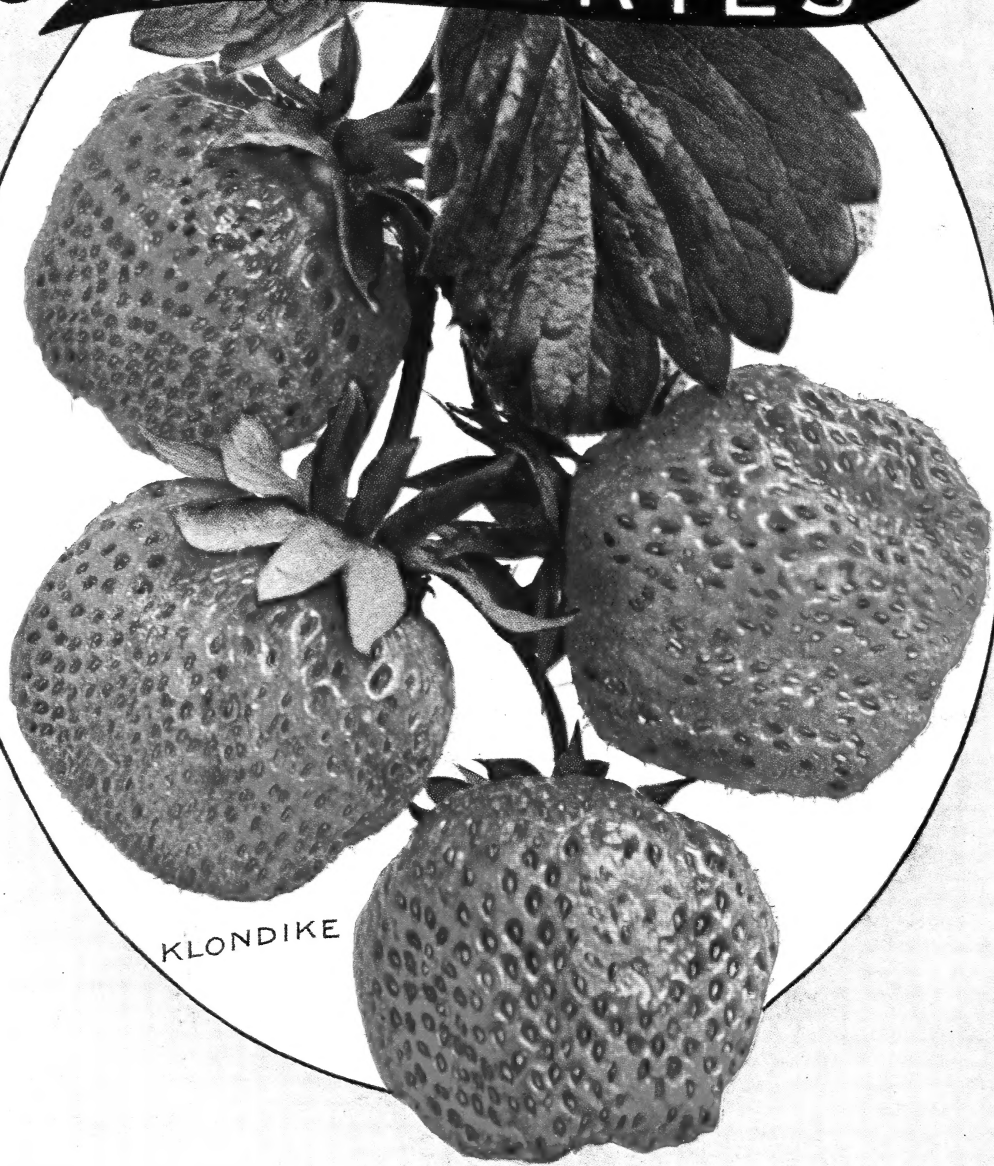
Harrison's
J.G.HARRISON & SONS, Props.
NURSERIES

BERLIN, MARYLAND

Harrison's

J. G. HARRISON & SONS, Props.

NURSERIES



KLONDIKE

BERLIN, MARYLAND

All Agreements and Contracts are made subject to loss of Crop by Drought, Floods, Fire, Insects, or other unavoidable causes. All quotations are made subject to stock being sold on receipt of order.

LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE 21

WRITE PLAINLY

without reference to destination of shipment. Ladies, please give title, Miss or Mrs.

Name

Street and No., }
P. O. Box or }
Rural Route No. }

Post Office

County State

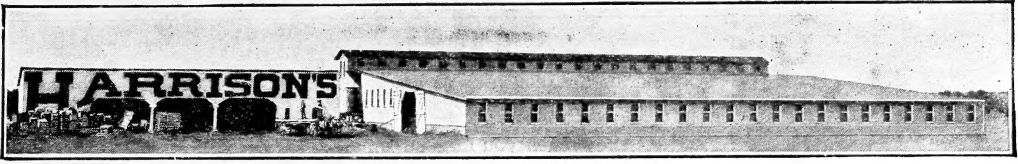
While we exercise the greatest care to have all trees, shrubs and plants sold by us true to name and free from disease, and hold ourselves prepared to replace, on proper proof, all that may prove to be otherwise, we do not give any warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to them; and all such goods are sold upon the express condition and understanding that in case any of them prove to be untrue to name, unhealthy or otherwise defective, we shall not be held responsible for a greater amount than the original price of goods.

[illegible]

In Making Your Order, Please Give the Price and Size to Avoid Delays and Errors

PLEASE GIVE THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THOSE
WHO BUY NURSERY STOCK, IN YOUR
STATE OR ELSEWHERE

[illegible]



Introductory



HE planting of trees has everything to do with making a home. Ornamental trees mark the difference between a "finished" and an "unfinished" property; fruit trees give it a lasting value that money can scarcely measure. Every home needs both.

For more than twenty years we have been steadily developing the tree-growing industry, striving to make it more and more the science and profession that it deserves to be. We contend that honorable business methods can be applied to tree-growing and -selling with perfect success, and the steady growth of our business proves the claim to our entire satisfaction.

Two features, we think, have contributed most to the building up of Harrison's Nurseries. These are **Quality and Service.** The quality of our trees is proverbial. We have here at Berlin a favorable soil and climate, and give our trees the most careful treatment to develop the proper growth—plenty of thrifty, strong roots and a shapely, well-branched top.

Service, as we apply it to the selling of trees, means rendering the buyer every possible assistance in choosing the right kind of trees and plants for home grounds, orchard or garden. Our long experience in the Nursery business enables us to handle for you in a sensible, practical way, the problems that you have to settle in selecting the right kinds of shade trees and plants for your home grounds, or fruit trees for the orchard—whether you are buying a half-dozen or a half-million. Remember the benefit of this service is freely yours, whether you order from us or not. We are sure we can aid you, and it will afford us pleasure to do so.

You are cordially invited to visit us and see our Nurseries. There are no secrets connected with our methods of growing trees and plants, and we feel sure that you who come to see us and our 2,000-acre establishment, will be well repaid for the trip. Our system of growing and grading is so thorough that the purchaser who orders by mail from a thousand miles away is as sure of getting "quality stock" as is the one who comes to Berlin and picks out each tree for himself; yet many prefer to look over the stock and choose for themselves. We assure these that they will be made welcome and assisted in every possible way in making their selections.

Berlin is located on the peninsula of Maryland, at the intersection of two railroads—the Delaware, Maryland and Virginia (a division of the Pennsylvania system) and the Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic. The former affords direct communication with Philadelphia and New York, while trains on the latter connect with steamer for Baltimore, Washington and Norfolk. Seven miles to the east is Ocean City, Maryland's popular coast resort, which, with its hotels and the various attractions of the sea, draws many thousands of visitors each year. We trust that the combined advantages of our locality will be sufficient to bring you to visit us during this season. When possible, we like to be notified in advance when visitors are coming, as we are thus enabled to lay our plans to better advantage.



Pruning a Peach tree



Showing the strong roots of Harrison trees: Pear at right, Peach at left

Some Hints on Ordering and Planting

Order at once. Do not wait until you are ready to plant. We shall not ship, however, until the proper time, unless desired otherwise.

Write your name and address plainly, giving shipping instructions, stating whether shipment is to be made by freight or express; also name of freight or express office. Without instructions, we shall ship as we think best.

Cash must invariably be sent with order unless otherwise agreed with firms having good bank reference.

Remittance may be made by bank draft, express or post-office money order, cash by registered letter or stamps for fractional parts of a dollar.

Special low express rates are granted by all express companies on shipments of plants, which are carried at 20 per cent less than merchandise of other character. We ship by Adams Express Company.

No charges are made for packing and delivery to transportation company at prices given in this Catalogue. Where special quotations are made, cost of the boxing and baling will be charged to customers. We pack as lightly as is consistent with safe transportation.



Pruning an Apple tree two years old

We ship trees in the fall as soon as the leaves are off, plants about October 1, and continue as long as the weather is mild. In the spring we can ship as early as February to the South, and as late as May to the North. Be sure to have your trees shipped **before you need them** so that they reach you in good time.

If frozen when received, bury the package unopened in well-drained ground, or place it in a cool cellar where it will thaw out gradually without being exposed to the air.

If they appear dry or shriveled through delay in transit, take them from the package and plunge into a tub of water; or, bury the roots in the ground in an inclining position, cover one-half or more of the tops with earth and thoroughly soak with water. Let them stand until they regain their fresh appearance, when they may be planted.

Claims for deductions should be made within five days after receipt of goods.

Guarantee. We exercise the greatest care to have every tree and plant true to name. We are ready, on proper proof, to replace, free of charge, anything sent by us that proves untrue to label. But it is understood and agreed that we are not to be held liable for a greater sum than that paid us for the plants in question.

Distance for Planting

Standard apples	30 feet apart each way
Standard pears and strong-growing cherries	20 feet apart each way
Standard plums, apricots, peaches, nectarines, 16-18 ft. apart each way	
Dwarf pears	10-12 feet apart each way
Grapes	Rows 10 to 16 feet apart, 7 to 16 feet in row
Raspberries and blackberries	3 to 4 by 5 to 7 feet apart
Strawberries for field culture	1 to 1½ by 3 to 3½ feet apart
Strawberries for garden culture	1 to 2 feet apart

Number of Trees to an Acre

30 feet apart each way	50	10 feet apart each way	435
25 feet apart each way	70	8 feet apart each way	684
20 feet apart each way	110	6 feet apart each way	1,210
18 feet apart each way	135	5 feet apart each way	1,742
15 feet apart each way	205	4 feet apart each way	2,723
12 feet apart each way	300	2 feet apart each way	4,840

RULE.—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows, and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant or hill, which, divided into the number of feet in an acre (43,560) will give the number of trees in an acre.

Trees by Mail. Our customers who live far from us are demanding a line of trees we can send by mail to save the extra express charge. To meet this demand, we are making the following offer, which will certainly please all who wish to try one-year trees. We can supply most of the varieties as in the larger sizes, but in case we are out of any variety of one-year stock, we reserve the right to substitute a variety equally good and same season. All trees in this list will be well wrapped and packed and sent postpaid to your door at prices named, except where otherwise noted.

	Each	Doz.	100		Each	Doz.	100		Each	Doz.	100
Apple , 2 ft.	\$0 20	\$2 00	\$10 00	Pear , 2 ft.	\$0 20	\$2 00	\$10 00	Cherry , 2 ft.	\$0 20	\$2 00	\$10 00
Peach , 2 ft.	10	1 00	5 00	Plum , 2 ft.	20	2 00	10 00				

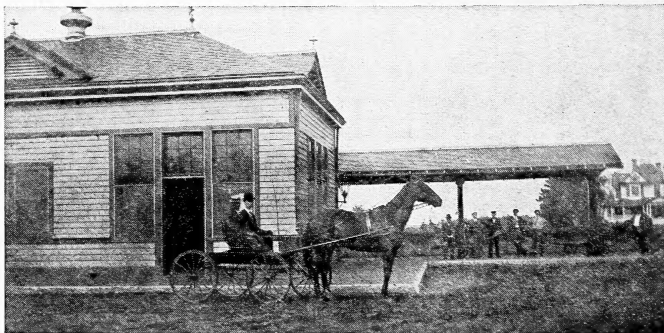
"How to Grow Fruit" and "How to Plant About the Country Home"

We wish to again call your attention to our books as described on the envelope in which this Catalogue came to you. Both of these represent the best efforts of men of experience—men who *know*—and they should be in the hands of all men who *want* to know.

In the preparation of this, our Catalogue for 1910, lists of varieties have been carefully revised; some sorts, hitherto considered valuable, have been dropped after careful trials had demonstrated to us that they were unworthy. Other kinds, which we have had under observation for several years and which seem to possess merit, are now listed for the first time.

Much of the book has been entirely rewritten, bringing it to a point of excellence which, we feel sure, will commend it to all.

J. G. HARRISON & SONS



We will meet you at the station



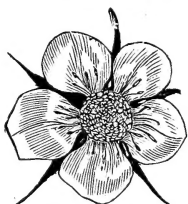
THE STRAWBERRY

The Strawberry is one of the easiest of fruits to grow, and the plants bear freely, even when neglected, but you will be well repaid by giving them careful attention and liberally fertilizing them. With a suitable selection of varieties and proper cultivation, ground planted to Strawberries gives better returns than it would if used for the regular farm products.

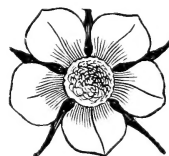
While very profitable in a commercial way, the Strawberry is an ideal fruit for the home garden because

it is so easily grown. A small bed in the corner of the garden will yield a surprising lot of berries during a season—a big saving, compared with buying every box used, besides the advantage of always having fresh, **clean** fruit.

Select a rather rich, moist and mellow soil for the Strawberry bed, and set the plants 18 to 20 inches apart in the row, with rows 3 to 4 feet apart. After the plants have borne one or two crops, it is best to plow them up and set a new bed, as the younger and more vigorous plants bear better berries.



Perfect Blossom



Imperfect Blossom

We devote one entire farm on our extensive Nurseries to growing Strawberry plants, and ship millions each season; and we will set 100 acres in plants this spring. The following list includes only such varieties as we ourselves have carefully tried out and can heartily recommend as worthy of confidence

Descriptive List of Varieties

Aroma. (Per.) Late. The strong, sturdy plants bear an abundance of large, conical fruits. Round, regular shape, dark glossy red, and of excellent quality.

Auto. (Per.) Originated in Delaware, where it is highly esteemed as a sure cropper. The unusually vigorous plants bear fine crops, even in dry weather, when other sorts are apt to be short. The large, handsome berries are borne well above the ground. Of large size and excellent quality.

Bedar Wood. (Per.) Medium early. The plants are not very large, but have unusually large roots, which extend deep into the soil. On account of this, they stand dry weather better than most sorts. Foliage dark green, upright, and rather long and narrow. A general favorite, as it bears large crops.

Bismarck. (Per.) Bright scarlet berries of unusual size. They resemble the Bubach in color, shape and flavor, and are very firm for such a large berry.

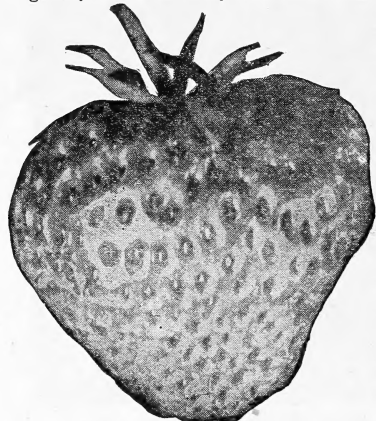
This is one of the most productive varieties in cultivation, furnishing especially large crops on rich, low land.

Brandywine. (Per.) Late. The strong, upright-growing plants produce an abundance of very large berries on erect fruit stems. They are of good color and shape, and possess a very fine, peculiar flavor. Begin to ripen in midseason, and continue until blossoms are killed by frost.

Bubach. (Imp.) Late. The plants have dark, waxy green foliage, very stout crown and short leaf- and fruit-stems. The fruit is of largest size, often cockscombed, thick through, very broad, meaty and fine-grained. Berries of this sort often weigh one to one and one-quarter ounces each. This variety is an enormous cropper and will give satisfactory results even on poor soil, though it gives best returns on good soil. One of the best for market purposes.

STRAWBERRIES, continued

Chesapeake. (Per.) Late. Foliage is very dark green, thick, leathery and free from disease. The medium-sized fruits are carried on unusually strong, upright stems, which hold them well above the ground. It is very productive on light soils, equal in size to most standard sorts, while its shipping qualities far excel those of other popular market varieties. In eating qualities it ranks among the best. Quality and firmness are combined in a high degree in this remarkable sort.



Gandy Strawberry

berry, more uniform than Bubach. Nice, vigorous plants.

Climax. (Per.) Enormously productive of medium-large, perfectly formed, dark red berries of high quality. One of the earliest to ripen. Plant an extremely free grower, dark glossy green foliage. A free, but not overabundant plant-maker. Healthy and vigorous on every variety of soil.

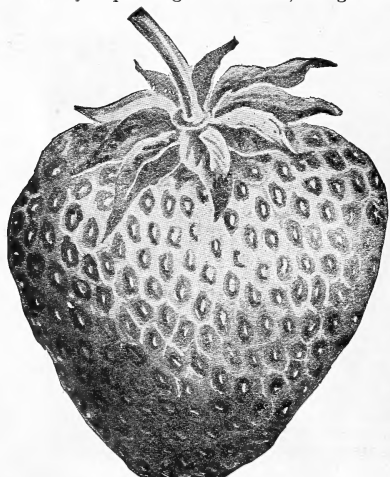
Crescent. (Imp.) Medium early. One of the most popular sorts, as it gives excellent results with little care and cultivation. The berries are of medium size, closely grained and solidly fleshy. They are very juicy and possess a fine, rather tart flavor. Splendid for canning, and a good market sort.

Crimson Cluster. (Per.) Late. Supposed to be a seedling of Gandy, which variety it resembles in size, shape and color. However, the plants are much thriftier and produce more foliage, which affords better protection for blossoms and fruit.

Duncan. (Per.) Smooth, medium to large, bright red; good shipper. Nice vigorous plants.

Early Hathaway. (Per.) Medium early. The plants are very thrifty, and have beautiful dark wavy green foliage. The berries are produced medium early, are of beautiful red color, firm and of fine quality. Very prolific sort, hardy and desirable in every way.

Ekey. (Per.) The plant is one of the most attractive of all varieties; very healthy. The berry is very large, long, conical, pointed, slightly necked; color when fully ripe bright crimson; of good quality, but not firm enough for long-distance shipments, but valuable for near-by markets.



Sample Strawberry

Excelsior. (Per.) Early, large, firm, high-colored, and well-shaped berry. It is immensely productive and will take the place of Michel's Early wherever tried. Wilson-shaped and colored. The plant resembles Hoffman, but is larger and more robust.

Fairfield. Remarkably productive; medium to large in size; firm; quite early and good quality.

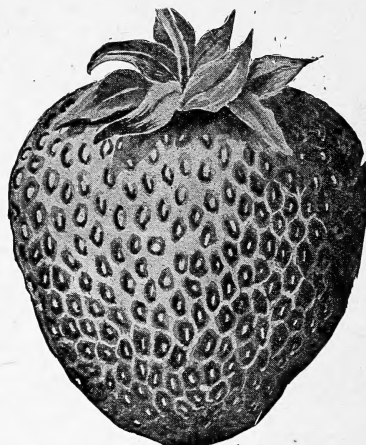
Fairdale Giant. (Per.) Berry is very large, uniform in size, and a bright red color, high quality and very productive. Season medium to late.

Fendall. The plant is strong and vigorous, clean and healthy, growing at least 2 inches higher than any other variety we have in our gardens. Its foliage is a beautiful light green, easily distinguished from any other variety, and as yet has not shown the slightest blemish in any respect. The berries are as large, if not larger, than any other variety grown and, unlike most large varieties, in that they are of delicious flavor.

Gandy. (Per.) Late. The standard late variety, and one of the best that has ever been sent out. Produces best results in heavy clay soils or well-drained bottom lands. The strong, vigorous plants have broad, dark green foliage. The berries are borne on long, upright fruit-stems, which hold the fruit above the foliage. Of beautiful bright red color, with a smooth, shiny surface. May be left on the vines several days after getting ripe without deteriorating. For shipment to distant markets, it is without an equal.

Glen Mary. (Per.) Medium. Strong, upright-growing plants, with large, dark green foliage. In rich ground, under high cultivation, it produces remarkably good crops. The berries are large, deep red; the meat is firm, juicy, and of unusually good flavor. Ideal for canning and preserving. Best shipping sort.

Haverland (Imp.) Medium early. One of the most productive varieties in cultivation, sending out strong, vigorous runners. The berries are of very tempting appearance, from medium to large in size, bright red; rather long and pointed. Should be well pollinized with perfect-blooming sort, as this will improve the firmness of the berries. Very hardy and one of the best on our list of Strawberries.



Senator Dunlap Strawberry

Johnson's Early. (Per.)

Early. The plants make a thrifty, healthy growth, sending out many runners. The berries are very large, of glossy deep red color, and of excellent flavor.

Klondike. (Per.) Medium. Although its blossoms are perfect, it has no great pollenizing power and should be planted near other sorts of about the same season. The plants make a remarkable growth, forming dense mats of foliage, with many crowns. The berries are produced in great abundance, are of beautiful uniform shape, and rich, dark red color. The flavor is mild, and delicious. Illustrated in colors on second cover.

Lady Thompson. (Per.) Early. The strong, upright plants root deeply, and send out an abundance of long runners. Succeeds well in a great variety of soils, but does best in rich loamy or sandy soil. Berries are medium large, regularly shaped, of glossy pink color, solidly meaty, and of excellent flavor.

Mark Hanna. (Per.) Late. Seedling of Bubach, which it resembles. The plants are strong, thrifty growers, and bear profusely. The berries do not average so large as those of the parent sort, but surpass them with their delicate, cherry-like flavor. Produces big crops of fancy fruit when grown under normal conditions.

Marshall. (Per.) Large, strong plants, with healthy foliage. The berries are large, of perfect shape and of attractive, dark red color. To secure the best results, it should be planted in rich soil, and should receive the best of care. It will then produce an abundance of fancy fruit. Illustrated on page 6.

STRAWBERRIES, continued

Mascot. (Per.) Vigorous plants, four to five days later than Gandy; much larger.

McKinley. (Per.) Medium to late. Plants are of good size, thrifty, healthy growers, with many strong runners. Fruit large and firm, of round, conical shape and bright red color, which extends clear through the meat. Always attractive and of highest quality.

Michel's Early. (Per.) Extra early. The healthy plants make a rampant growth, set many crowns and develop an abundance of choice fruit. Berries are of a scarlet color, possess a rich, mild acid flavor and are very firm and solidly meaty. An old and very popular variety.

Midnight. (Per.) The latest sort on our list, ripening long after the main crop of Strawberries. The berries are large, broad, thick through, of pink color, with white flesh. One of the richest and sweetest and highly recommended for family use or planting in the home garden.

Millionaire. (Per.) One of the newer sorts with us, but one in which we have great confidence from the tests that we have given it. We find it is a perfect bloomer, a berry of best medium size. Berries are clear dark red, well-shaped; very showy. This variety is illustrated in color on the last cover page of this Catalogue.

Missionary. (Per.) Large, uniform size; deep red color. The plants are easily grown and very productive.

New Home. (Per.) Very late. Extra-large, bright red berries, which, for firmness and keeping qualities, have no equal. Although in dry seasons the plants do not produce well, in normal years they will yield abundant crops of splendid fruit. A good shipper.

New York. (Per.) Medium to late. The plants are of upright growth, with large foliage and many strong crowns. The berries are of extra-large size, of dark red, shiny color and are produced in great quantities. A very choice sort.

Nick Ohmer. (Per.) Medium to late. A most popular sort, with berries of beautiful carmine color. They are large, very firm, and of unusually delicious flavor. Long fruit-stems make picking of this variety very easy. A fine shipper and suitable for fancy trade. A leading variety with many large growers.

Norwood. The Norwood is believed to be the best all-round Strawberry in existence. The plant is strong and healthy, making a liberal number of strong runners, but not excessive. The berry is conical and regular in shape, not a cockscombed berry was found this season. The quality is unsurpassed and the size unequaled, some attaining the enormous size of 3 inches in diameter. Color bright red all the way through, growing darker with age; is firm, a good keeper and will ship well. Has a perfect blossom and holds its size well through the season and remains in bearing for a long time. Picked the first box June 18 and the last one July 18. The largest berries were found in matted rows or beds, although the plants had received no extra culture.

Oak's Early. (Per.) Extra early. Originated in Somerset county, Maryland. It is an exceedingly strong grower, very productive, and does well in almost any soil. The berries are of beautiful appearance and excellent quality.

Oswego. Very large berry. Originated in New York. Said to be very fine.

Parsons' Beauty. (Per.) Medium. This sort enjoys almost universal popularity and succeeds in a great variety of soils. It is a strong



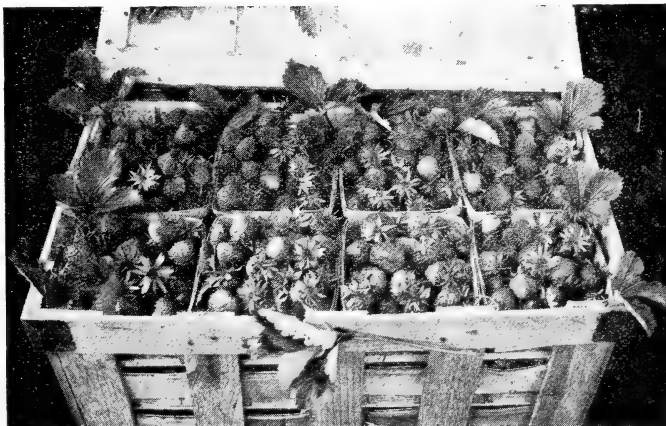
Strawberries, Peaches and Apples on the same land

healthy grower, making, under ordinary conditions, twice as many plants to the acre as other standard sorts. It begins to ripen in midseason and extends its season until late sorts, as Gandy, are ready. Berries medium to large, of dark red color, thick through and rather blunt. They possess a mild and delicious flavor, and never fail to attract favorable attention in the market. One of the best money-makers and a very satisfactory sort in every respect.

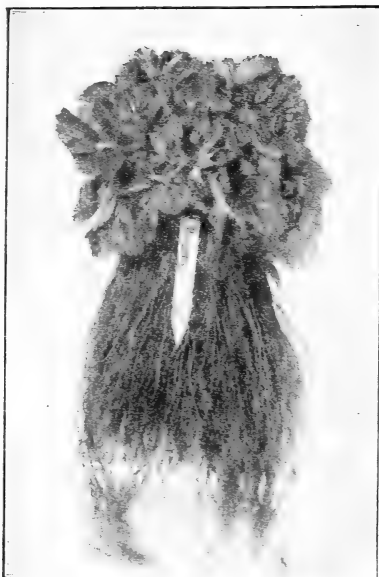
Sample. (Imp.) Late. Of large size and yields enormous quantities of berries of excellent quality. The fruits retain their large size until the end of the season. They are of bright red color, very firm and of rich flavor. A standard shipping variety; also fine for family use. Many excellent qualities are combined in this remarkable sort, notably, its system of ripening fruit gradually throughout the season.

Senator Dunlap. (Per.) Late. The plants are strong, healthy growers, with bright green, upright foliage. Its blossoming season is long and its flowers are very rich in pollen. Berries are large, of handsome, dark red color, uniform in size and shape, which is conical. The meat is red through, firm, juicy, and of fine texture. The flavor is very delicate. The popularity of this excellent sort increases steadily, owing to the extraordinary records which it has to its credit.

Sharpless. (Per.) One of the largest when planted on strong, rich, moist soil, but the variety will do fairly well in lighter soils, but not as well as a variety like the Tennessee Prolific on poor soils. The berry, when not fully ripe, is a little white at the tip, but ripens a deep clear red, moderately firm, sweet and excellent.



Strawberries grown on our grounds



A bundle of Strawberry plants, showing the splendid root system of the Strawberries that we furnish.

STRAWBERRIES, continued

Star. One peculiarity of this berry is its great drought-resisting qualities; it always matures a complete crop when other varieties have been complete failures. It is second-early in ripening, and one of the most profitable berries that can be grown, always bringing fancy prices. Of large size and beautiful color and very productive.

Stephen's Late Champion. (Per.) Late. A variety yielding splendid crops of fine quality. In productiveness it easily leads the rest of the standard late sorts, while in appearance, size and shipping qualities, it beats them all for nearby market. Dark red and of exceedingly rich flavor. They are carried on strong, erect stems, which hold them well above the ground. We consider this the ideal late berry for shipping to nearby markets.

Superior. (Per.) Medium early. A very large, productive sort, which stands hot weather to perfection. The berries are large, of good shape and beautiful glossy red color. On rich ground it yields surprisingly large crops.

Tennessee Prolific. (Per.) Early. The plants make a remarkable growth and should be thinned out in order to produce largest berries. The berries are of medium size, rather long and of bright crimson color. The flesh is pink, fine-grained and very juicy.

Uncle Jim. (Per.) Berry is very large and uniform in size, of a bright, beautiful red color, of high quality; very productive. The plant is large and healthy, with abundant foliage, forming a row just right for fruiting. Season medium to late.

Warfield. (Imp.) Early. Rampant grower, with many runners, one-half of which should be thinned out to admit sufficient sunlight and air for development of best fruit. The berries are of glossy, dark red color. The meat is rich, dark red, exceedingly juicy and very firm. A most popular canning variety and a superior shipper.

Wolverton. (Per.) Early. Succeeds well in almost any soil, but does best in a sandy loam. An extremely popular variety used extensively to plant in connection with medium early or late sorts with imperfect blossoms. The large crimson berries have fine-grained flesh of pink color and very delicate mild flavor.

PRICES

All varieties, except those below noted, by mail, 20 cts. per doz., 40 cts. for 50, 75 cts. per 100; by express, not prepaid, 20 cts. for 25, 50 cts. per 100, \$1.60 for 500, \$3 per 1,000

Aroma, Bedar Wood, Bubach, Nick Ohmer, by mail, postpaid, 25 cts. per doz., 60 cts. for 50, \$1 per 100; by express, not prepaid, 30 cts. per 25, 75 cts. per 100, \$1.90 for 500, \$3.50 per 1,000.

Duncan, Glen Mary, Mascot, New York, Oswego, Sharpless, Uncle Jim, by mail, postpaid, 25 cts. per doz., 60 cts. for 50, \$1 per 100; by express, not prepaid, 30 cts. for 25, 75 cts. per 100, \$2 for 500, \$4 per 1,000.

Chesapeake, Marshall, McKinley, Mark Hanna, by mail, postpaid, 30 cts. per doz., 75 cts. for 50, \$1.25 per 100; by express, not prepaid, 40 cts. for 25, \$1 per 100, \$2.50 for 500, \$5 per 1,000.

Fendall, Ekey, by mail, postpaid, 40 cts. per doz., \$1 for 50, \$1.75 per 100; by express, not prepaid, 60 cts. for 25, \$1.50 per 100, \$3.50 for 500, \$6 per 1,000.

Millionaire, by mail, postpaid, 40 cts. per doz., \$1 for 50, \$1.75 per 100; by express, not prepaid, 60 cts. for 25, \$1.50 per 100, \$5 for 500, \$10 per 1,000.

Norwood, \$5 per 100, by mail.



Marshall Strawberries

SPECIAL SELECTIONS

For the benefit of customers not familiar with varieties of Strawberries suitable for their localities, we will send our selection:

12 plants, postpaid	\$0 25
50 plants, postpaid	60
100 plants, postpaid	1 00
500 plants, by express, not prepaid.....	1 75
1,000 plants, by express, not prepaid.....	3 00
5,000 plants, by express, not prepaid.....	13 75

You may have the benefit of our twenty years of experience in fruiting the best varieties.

Special Strawberry Collections for Boys and Girls

We are interested in boys and girls—they are the men and women of tomorrow. Start them right in life and they will get along well in the future. Encourage them to work in the garden. Give them some ground and let them plant a Strawberry bed. It will be of highly educational value to them to see how nature rewards efforts bestowed upon the soil.

No. 1. Boys' Collection, for \$1, postpaid
25 Auto, 25 Bismarck, 25 Crimson Cluster, 25 Senator Dunlap.

No. 2. Girls' Collection, for \$1, postpaid
25 Nick Ohmer, 25 Mark Hanna, 25 New Home, 25 Midnight.

No. 3, \$1 by express, not prepaid
50 Kansas, 50 Klondike, 50 Haverland, 50 Midnight, 50 Gandy.



These bouncing boys represent the third generation of Harrison's. All have their own Strawberry beds.

No. 4. \$2, by express, not prepaid
100 Warfield, 100 Tennessee, 100 McKinley, 100 Oak's Early, 100 Sample

No. 5, Family Collection, from May to June 15, for \$3, by express
250 Marshall, 250 Midnight, 250 Mark Hanna, 250 Tennessee, 250 Gandy.

The Strawberry as an Orchard Crop

The illustration on page five shows a splendid way to make otherwise unproductive land pay a handsome profit—planting strawberries between the rows of young orchard trees. This is recommended by many prominent growers, and is one which we have followed with excellent success in our own young orchards. After the trees come into bearing and need all the ground, the Strawberries should be plowed under.

The illustration referred to points a lesson that we cannot emphasize too strongly or too often: plant Strawberries wherever you have room—scarcely any other crop will show such handsome returns. In buying Strawberry Plants, be sure to choose Harrison's—they are leaders in quality because of the great care that we exercise in producing them.



An average basket of Gandy Strawberries. as we grow them



Pruning Peach trees in our Nursery. Mr. G. A. Harrison in the foreground

THE PEACH

The Peach has been a specialty with us for years, and the particular attention that we have given to developing extra-quality trees, together with our favorable soil and climate, have enabled us to produce some notable results. At present our stock numbers about 3,000,000 trees, grown from best natural pits and budded from trees in our experimental orchards (see illustration on page 10).

This orchard, containing about 10,000 bearing trees, is under our careful watch year after year, and we know that buds taken from it are not only clean and vigorous, but also strictly true to name. Here we try out new varieties before offering them for sale, and thus we are perfectly sure about the quality of our Peach trees.

Peach trees will thrive in almost any kind of soil, and bear largely according to the attention given them. Plant the trees 16 to 20 feet apart each way, and **keep the ground in the orchard well worked**, so as to hold plenty of moisture about the roots. During the first few years, light crops, such as Strawberries, may be grown between the rows, but as the trees get larger this should be discontinued.

NEW VARIETIES

Hague. We are the originators and introducers of this valuable Peach. An annual bearer; freestone; resembles Chair's Choice; of good quality, large size, red blush and ripens about September 10.

Ray Peach. This valuable variety has been thoroughly tested. It is of the Chinese strain, ripening here from August 15 to 25. Above medium size, as large as Belle of Georgia or Moore's Favorite; white flesh, with a red blush; firm, and a good shipper and a good seller on the market.

Trees are strong growers and regular bearers. The fruit continues ripening longer than most varieties.

Mayflower. The earliest variety known, ripening nearly a week before Sneed. Extremely valuable as a market variety, and one of the leading sellers in the Southern states. The strong, thrifty trees bear abundantly. The fruit is of good size, practically red all over; the meat is very firm and of good flavor. Many enthusiastic testimonials from growers prove the real merit of this new sort.

Prices of First-class Standard Varieties of Peach Trees, except Ray, Mayflower and Hague

	Each	Doz.	100	1,000		Each	Doz.	100	1,000
XXX, 6 to 7 ft.....	\$0 20	\$2 00	\$10 00	\$90 00	Light, 3 to 4 ft.	\$0 10	\$1 00	\$7 00	\$60 00
5 to 6 ft.	15	1 50	8 00	70 00	Branched, 2 to 3 ft.	08	75	5 50	45 00
4 to 5 ft.	12	1 25	7 50	65 00	Whips, light, 1 to 2 ft.	07	75	4 00	30 00

Boxing and baling free at these prices

Prices of First-class Mayflower, Ray and Hague Peach Trees

	Each	Doz.	100	1,000		Each	Doz.	100	1,000
XXX, 6 to 7 ft.....	\$0 40	\$4 00	\$18 00	\$160 00	Light, 3 to 4 ft.	\$0 20	\$2 00	\$11 00	\$100 00
5 to 6 ft.	30	3 00	14 00	120 00	Branched, 2 to 3 ft.	16	1 50	9 00	80 00
Medium, 4 to 5 ft.	24	2 50	12 00	110 00	Whips, light, 1 to 2 ft.....	14	1 25	8 00	60 00

Boxing and baling free

TWELVE WINNERS

BELLE OF GEORGIA. August 1 to 15. Tree grows rapidly and is very productive. Fruit large and showy. Skin white, red cheek. Flesh white, firm, and of excellent flavor. Freestone.

CARMAN. Middle of August. Seedling of Elberta, with larger and darker foliage. The trees are particularly suitable for growing on low, wet grounds where other sorts do not succeed. They are very hardy and productive. Fruit large, broad, oval, and practically rot-proof. Skin yellowish white, flesh creamy white, tinged red, of good, sprightly flavor. Freestone.

CHAIR'S CHOICE. Last of August. Trees make a strong growth and bear well. Fruit extra-large; skin yellow, red cheek. Flesh firm and good. Freestone.

CHAMPION. Middle of August. Trees hardy and productive. Fruit large, beautiful; ships well. Skin creamy white, red cheek. Flavor sweet and juicy. Freestone.

CRAWFORD'S LATE. Middle of August. One of the best late sorts. Trees vigorous. The superb fruit is large, has yellow skin, with broad, dark red cheek. Flesh deep yellow, juicy and melting; rich, vinous flavor. Freestone. Illustrated in color on inside back cover.

ELBERTA. Early August. Very successful market variety. The trees make a luxuriant growth, and are of splendid appearance. Fruit very large; skin golden yellow, faintly striped red where exposed to sun

PEACHES (TWELVE WINNERS), continued

The yellow flesh is very fine-grained, juicy, rich, sweet and of splendid flavor. Freestone.

FOX SEEDLING. Ripens in September. Trees reliable bearers. Fruit large, white skin, red cheek. Flesh melting and of good, sweet flavor. Freestone.

MOORE'S FAVORITE. August and September. Fruit large; white skin, blush where exposed to sun. Flesh white, tender, juicy. Freestone.

MOUNTAIN ROSE. Early August. Fruit large and round. Flesh white, sweet and juicy. Freestone

OLDMIXON FREE. August. An excellent and well-known orchard variety, succeeding in many soils and bearing well. Fruit large; skin pale yellow, red cheek. Flesh white, tender, rich flavor. Freestone.

REEVE'S FAVORITE. September. Trees very productive. Large, round fruits; yellow, with red cheek. Flesh deep yellow, red at stone, juicy, melting; of excellent flavor. Freestone.

STUMP. End of September. Trees vigorous, healthy, productive. Fruit large, round; skin white, with bright red cheek. Flesh white, juicy and of excellent flavor. Freestone.

General List of Standard Varieties

FIRST RIPENING

Admiral Dewey. July. Trees strong, symmetrical; hardy and productive. Fruit good size, flesh yellow, of uniform texture. Freestone.

Alexander. Vigorous and productive. Fruit medium to large, nearly round. Skin greenish white, almost covered with deep red. Flesh very firm, white, sweet and juicy, adhering slightly to the stone.

Amsden June. Resembles Alexander, but is thought by many to possess better flavor. Clingstone.

Early Rivers. Fruits large; skin creamy white, delicate pink cheeks. Flesh pink through, of rich, melting flavor. Freestone.

Eureka. In southern states it ripens as early as middle of June. Fruit medium size, oblong. Skin creamy white, with red cheek. Tender, juicy and of delicious flavor. Semi-clingstone.

Greensboro. Ripens as early as Alexander, growing to nearly double its size. Skin yellowish white, with crimson cheek; flesh white, juicy, and of fine quality. Attractive and beautifully colored. Freestone.

Hiley. Vigorous and hardy. Large fruit, rich creamy white, with rich blush. The meat is firm and of excellent quality. Freestone.

Mayflower. See description, page 8.

Sneed. Very early. Fruit medium size, creamy white, crimson blush. Flesh ripens evenly, firm, and of sweet flavor. Very productive; not inclined to rot.

Triumph. Strong trees; bear early and yield abundantly. Fruit large, yellow, with crimson cheek. Flesh yellow, firm, of fine quality, ripening evenly. Freestone.

Troth's Early. Very early. Medium size. Skin white, red cheek. Flesh firm; excellent quality.

Victor. Originated in Texas, where it bears as early as May 15. Fruit medium to large; flesh white; pleasant subacid. Bears every year. Semi-clingstone.

SECOND RIPENING

Carman. See description in Winners' List

Mamie Ross. Seedling of Chinese Cling. Bear abundant crops regularly. Fruit of good size; skin white, nearly covered with delicate carmine. Flesh firm, juicy and of good quality.

Waddell. Fruit medium to large, creamy white, with red cheek. Flesh firm, white, rich and sweet. Freestone.

Yellow St. John. Medium to large. Skin yellow, dark red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy; well-flavored. Freestone.

THIRD RIPENING

Champion. See Winners' List.

Chinese Cling. Fruit round and large. Skin transparent, creamy white, beautifully mottled. Flesh creamy white, melting and of rich, agreeable flavor.

Delaware. Very prolific; fruit large. Skin delicately flushed and shaded. Flesh white, juicy. Freestone.

Lewis. Trees vigorous. Fruit medium, white, crimson cheek. Very early.

Slappey. Very hardy; ripens middle of June in Georgia. Handsome, yellow fruit, free of excessive rot and keeps splendidly. Flesh yellow, sweet; of excellent flavor. Freestone.

FOURTH RIPENING

Belle of Georgia. See description in Winners' List.

Connett's Southern Early. Seedling of Chinese Cling. Trees strong, vigorous. Extra-large fruit; creamy white, blush cheeks. Flesh of fine quality. Freestone.

Crawford's Early. Trees vigorous and very productive. Fruit oblong; good size. Skin yellow, fine red cheek. Flesh yellow, juicy and of excellent, sweet flavor. Freestone.

Foster. Resembles Crawford's Early. Fruit deep orange-red; flesh yellow, juicy, rich subacid. Freestone.

Large Early York. Vigorous and productive. Fruit large, skin white, red cheek. Flesh fine-grained, juicy, delicious. Freestone.

Mary's Choice. Fruit large; skin yellow, blushed red. Flesh firm, fine-grained and of superior flavor. Freestone.

FIFTH RIPENING

Captain Ede. Very large; skin yellow, tinted delicate carmine. Ripens before Elberta. Freestone.

Christiana. Very large and handsome. Skin yellow. Flesh firm, juicy and well flavored.

Elberta. See description in Winners' List.

Emma. Fruit large, skin yellow, light crimson cheek. Flesh yellow, fine-grained, melting; excellent.

Kalamazoo. Trees hardy and productive, bearing early. Fruits large, golden yellow, crimson cheeks. Flesh thick through and yellow to the pit. Quality excellent. Freestone.

Matthew's Beauty. Ripens later than Elberta. Skin golden yellow, beautifully streaked red. Flesh yellow, firm and good flavor.

Moore's Favorite. See description in Winners' List.

Oldmixon Free. See description in Winners' List.

Red Cheek Melocoton. Fruit large, attractive. Skin yellow, deep red cheek. Flesh red at stone, juicy; rich flavor. Freestone.

Reeve's Favorite. See description in Winners' List.



Gathering Peaches in West Virginia from an orchard planted with Harrison's Trees

PEACHES, continued

Thurber. A seedling of Chinese Cling, ripe about middle of July. Originated in Georgia. Fruit large and round, creamy white, shaded pale red; fine-grained flesh; splendid flavor. Freestone.

SIXTH RIPENING

Bokara. Fruit large; skin yellow, red cheek. Flesh firm, good quality. Keeps well. Freestone.

Bray's Rare Ripe. Regular and abundant bearer and very profitable. Fruit large, creamy white, flushed crimson. Flesh white, firm; rich flavor.

Chair's Choice. See description in Winners' List.

Denton. Very profitable, resembling Elberta. Freestone.

Elberta Cling. Finest all-round cling on our list. Trees bear heavily. Fruit large and round.

Fitzgerald. Large, golden yellow, red cheeks. Flesh yellow, firm, good. Perfect freestone.

Fox Seedling. See description in Winners' List.

Frances. Trees vigorous, hardy; productive. Fruit large, beautiful, yellow skin, brilliant red cheeks. Flesh solid, fine melting flavor. Freestone.

Gold Drop. Heavy bearer; profitable market sort. Fruit large, yellow; good. Freestone.

Hague. See description, page 8.

Jennie Worthien. Fruit large, yellow. Flesh solid and of fine quality.

Lemon Cling. Large; oblong. Skin yellow, red cheek. Flesh yellow, firm, rich flavor. Clingstone.

Lemon Free. Trees hardy; productive. Fruit lemon-color, oblong. Freestone.

New Prolific. Popular market sort. Large yellow fruits, bluish cheeks; firm, juicy, fine flavor. Freestone.

Niagara. Trees resemble Elberta. Fruit large, yellow; attractive appearance.

Stephen's Rare Ripe. Trees productive and free from disease. Fruit white, shaded red. Flesh firm, juicy, superior quality. Freestone.

Stump. See Winners' List.

SEVENTH RIPENING

Cobler. Trees strong, healthy, prolific. Fruit large, firm, good quality.

Crawford's Late. See description in Winners' List.

Crosby. Trees vigorous. Fruit bright orange-yellow, streaked carmine. Freestone.

Edgemont Beauty. Fruits large, yellow, bluish cheeks. Flesh yellow through and very sweet.

Engle's Mammoth. Fruit large, round to oval. Skin yellow, red cheek. Flesh yellow, sweet, juicy. Freestone.

Geary's Hold-On. Ripens a few days later than Smock. Fruit yellow. Flesh firm, juicy. Freestone.

Globe. Fruit large, yellow, shaded red; rich and melting. Freestone.

Gold Mine. Michigan. Fruit large, yellow. Resembles Late Crawford. Ripens same time.

Hill's Chile. Medium-sized, dull yellow fruits. Freestone.

Lorentz. Heavy cropper. Fruit large, yellow, handsome. Flesh yellow, superior flavor. Freestone.

McCollister. Yellow, immense size. A cross between Crawford and Smock, with the good qualities of both. Very popular.

Newington Cling. Large fruit; exceedingly handsome. Rich and juicy. Clingstone.

Picquet's Late. Fruit large, skin yellow, red cheek. Flesh yellow, sweet, melting.

Prize. Large, yellow freestone. Very profitable.

Smock. (Beers.) Fruit medium to large; skin light orange-yellow, red cheek; rich and juicy. Freestone.

Walker's V. Free. White, with red blush; above medium, ripening just before Smock. A remarkable bearer. Hardy and a good grower.

Wheatland. Large; skin golden yellow, shaded crimson. Flesh yellow, firm, excellent quality. Freestone.

Wonderful. Large to very large. Skin rich golden yellow, overspread vivid carmine. Flesh yellow, bright red at the pit. Freestone.

EIGHTH RIPENING

Ford's Late White. Very productive. Fruit large, white, beautiful. Freestone.

Harrison Cling. Fruit large, sweet, luscious; prolific. Finest of white clings.

Holland's Cling. Fruit above medium. Red cheek. Flesh white, firm, of good quality. Clingstone.

Hughes I. X. L. Fruit large and attractive. Skin yellow; flesh tender, juicy; superior flavor.

Klondike. Large; skin white, shaded red. Flesh white, juicy and of delicious flavor. Meat solid; free from fiber. Freestone.

Krummel's October. Unexcelled in size, color and flavor. Ripens fully a week after Salway. Profitable late Peach.

Levy's Late (Henrietta). Fruit large, round. Skin yellow, shaded brownish red. Flesh deep yellow, firm, sweet and melting. Clingstone.

Marshall. Very productive, ripening between Smock and Salway. Fruit large, skin deep yellow.

October Elberta. Large to very large; oblong. Skin yellow, tinted red. Flesh yellow, red at pit. Quality good, a little coarse, but firm and really delicious. Freestone.



Our test orchard of Peach trees at Berlin. Over 100 varieties from which to cut buds

Salway. Extra large. Skin yellow, mottled brownish red. Flesh deep yellow, juicy, rich. Very productive. Profitable on mountain land. Freestone.

Sunrise Cling. Fruit medium, white, and very firm. Many consider it an improvement on White Heath, which it resembles.

White Heath Cling. Tree hardy and vigorous. Fruit large, greenish white; sweet and luscious. Clingstone.

Wilkin's Cling. Seedling of Heath, producing larger fruit. Beautiful blush; white, firm and deliciously flavored. Clingstone.

Willett. Trees bear freely. Fruit large, yellow, dark red cheeks. Flesh yellow, juicy, rich flavor. Freestone.

NINTH RIPENING

Bilyeu's Late October. Fruit large; skin white, beautiful blush cheek. Flesh white, firm, excellent flavor. A favorite late shipping variety, and commands high prices.

Special Collections. Our test orchard, illustrated above, contains over one hundred varieties of Peaches in fruiting, and thus we have the opportunity of developing the best. For your benefit, if desired, we will make your selection, and will give you nothing but profitable sorts. Our selection, 5 to 6 feet, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$8 per '100, \$70 per 1,000

THE APPLE

The Apple is the king of fruits, the backbone of the world's fruit crop. We have been growing both trees and fruit for more than twenty years, and offer our customers the benefit of a most practical experience in selecting the best varieties. Different localities require different kinds of Apples; write and tell us about your land, where it is located and how it lies, and we shall be pleased to suggest a list of varieties that will give you the best results. Be sure to tell us, also, whether you expect to grow fruit for market or for home use.

Our stock of Apple numbers about 2,000,000 trees. The basis of our stock is whole root seedlings imported from France, warranted vigorous and free from disease. These seedlings are budded from trees which we have been watching for years; hence there is no chance for disease to creep into our stock, and we are always sure that every variety is the kind we claim it to be. Grafting is cheaper than budding, but we have found budding the more preferable method because it is more natural.

We have ample opportunity to study the growth of our Apple trees, as we are interested in orchards in Western Maryland and also in West Virginia, covering several thousand acres, on which more than 125,000 Harrison trees are planted. A partial view of one of these is shown at the bottom of page 12.



Two-year budded Apple trees at Harrison's nurseries

of time, we recommend the following sorts: for immediate use after shipping, **Red Astrachan, Williams' Early Red, Yellow Transparent, Duchess, Gravenstein, Maiden's Blush, McIntosh, Grimes' Golden, Rawle's Janet, Wealthy, Wolf River, Winesap** and **Yellow Bellflower**. For the West, **Jonathan, Ingram, York Imperial** and **Gano**.

For the "fancy" market, **Baldwin, Jonathan, King, Mammoth Black Twig, Nero, Opalescent, Rhode Island Greening, Salome, Stark, Winter Banana** and **York Imperial**. In addition to these old standbys, **Ben Davis, Canada Red, Carthouse, Cooper's Market, Dominie, Gano, Lawver, Longfield, McIntosh Red, Pewaukee, Rawle's Janet, Scott's Winter, Stayman's Winesap, Winter Sweet Paradise, Wolf River, Winesap, Yellow Bellflower** and **Tolman**.

We shall be very glad indeed to furnish upon request information concerning the proper varieties for planting in any given locality

Prices of all Two-year-old Apple Trees, except Myrick

	Each	Doz.	100	1,000
Extra, 6 to 7 feet	\$0 30	\$3 00	\$22 00	\$200 00
Extra, 5 to 6 feet	25	2 50	17 00	150 00
First-class, medium, 4 to 5 feet	20	2 00	12 00	100 00
Light grade, 3 to 4 feet	15	1 50	8 00	75 00
One-year bud, 3 to 5 feet whips and branches	20	2 00	12 00	100 00
One-year bud, 5 to 6 feet whips and branches	25	2 50	17 00	150 00

Boxed and baled free at these prices

Summer Apples

Benoni. Below medium size; skin pale yellow, shaded and striped dark crimson; flesh yellow, tender and subacid.

Chenango Strawberry. New York. Medium size; skin white and red; flesh white and tender.

Early Harvest. American sort. Medium size; skin pale yellow; flesh white, tender, juicy and subacid. Very prolific.



Seven-year-old Ben Davis Apple, C. P. Cohill's Orchard, Hancock, Md.

SUMMER APPLES, continued

Early Strawberry. New York. Medium size, striped deep red; flesh tender, white-stained, subacid.

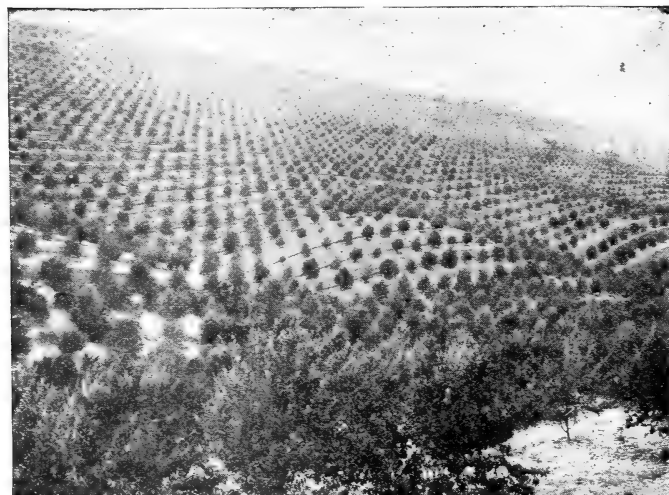
Red Astrachan. Russia. Fruit round, nearly covered with deep crimson; flesh white, juicy and of decided acid flavor.

Sweet Bough. American. Fruit large; skin greenish yellow; flesh sweet and of good crisp quality. Very prolific bearer.

Williams' Early Red. Massachusetts. Fruit medium size; skin dark red; flesh yellowish white; of good subacid flavor.

Yellow Transparent. Russia. Trees early and abundant bearers. Fruit of medium size; skin white at first, turning to pale yellow; flesh tender, juicy and subacid.

Myrick. American. One of the most promising of fall Apples. We do not know of any other sort that would approach it from the standpoint of beauty. Prominent pomologists have pronounced this most meritorious. In prime during November and December. Round oblate and of good size. Rich yellow overlaid with reddish pink. The flesh is of fine texture and very juicy; flavor subacid and very good quality. Two-year-old trees, 4 to 5 feet, \$2 each, \$20 per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, \$2.50 each, \$25 per doz.



Commercial Orchard in Western Maryland. One of several for which we have furnished trees and in which we are stockholders.

Fall Apples

Duchess. Russia. Medium size; flesh white, juicy, red-striped; flavor sprightly. Trees abundant bearers.

Flora Belle. Ohio. Fruit medium; skin rich golden yellow; flesh yellow, tender, subacid.

Kinnard's Choice. Tennessee. Fruit of medium size; flesh tender and highly flavored.

Gravenstein. Germany. Very beautiful sort, yellow and red-striped fruit of large size; highly flavored.

Maiden's Blush. New Jersey. Of medium size; skin pale yellow, with beautiful red cheek; flesh white, tender and of sprightly flavor.

Winter Apples

Aiken Red. Illinois. Medium to large size, yellowish red skin. Flesh crisp, juicy, subacid.

American Golden Russet. England. Tree vigorous; fruit round, medium; skin greenish yellow russet, with a tinge of red; flesh greenish yellow, juicy, subacid.

Baldwin. Tree vigorous and productive. Fruit large, round; skin deep red; flesh white, subacid.

Ben Davis. American. Fruit round, medium to large; skin yellow, red-striped; flesh white, juicy, subacid.

Bismarck. New Zealand. Fruit large, oblate; flesh white, crisp, mild, juicy.

Canada Red. Canada. Trees vigorous and hardy. Bear heavy crops every other year. Fruit medium size, nearly round; skin white, striped rich red and crimson; flesh tender.

Carthouse. Virginia. Also called "Romanite." Fruit small to medium, round; skin yellow, red-striped; flesh yellow, juicy, subacid.

Cooper's Market. New Jersey. Conical, medium-sized; tender, white, subacid.

Dominie. Fruit medium. Skin green and yellow, red-striped; flesh white, tender, juicy, subacid.

Gano. Missouri. Large, perfect shape; smooth, deep red skin; flesh pale yellow, fine-grained, mild subacid.

Grimes' Golden. West Virginia. Fruit round, medium size; flesh yellow, tender, rich, subacid; quality the best.

Jonathan. New York. Fruit medium size; skin nearly covered with red; flesh white, juicy and tender, mild subacid; quality good.

King. New Jersey. Fruit large; skin yellow, striped with red; flesh yellow, crisp and juicy; subacid.

Lawver. Delaware. Fruit large, round; highly colored; flesh white, firm, crisp, subacid.

Lankford. Maryland. Fruit medium large, round; yellow skin; flesh subacid, white, crisp, juicy.

Longfield. Russia. Fruit medium, round, yellow, with red cheek; flesh of rich, sprightly flavor; subacid.

Mammoth Black Twig. Arkansas. Fruit large, round, uniform; skin red; flesh yellow, tender, crisp, juicy, subacid.

McIntosh Red. Ontario. Fruit round, medium, skin white and yellow, nearly covered with dark red; flesh white, tender, juicy, subacid. Trees come into bearing earlier than Baldwin.

Missouri Pippin. Missouri. Fruit medium; skin yellowish red, darker red stripes; flesh of fair quality, white, crisp, subacid.

Nero. New Jersey. Fruit of medium size; skin yellowish red; flesh white, juicy, firm and good subacid.

WINTER APPLES, continued

Opalescent. Large to very large; skin light- and dark-crimson. When polished, the fruits are very shiny; flesh yellow, tender and juicy.

Pewaukee. Wisconsin. Fruit medium to large, round oblate; skin bright yellow, with red stripes; flesh white, crisp, aromatic, subacid flavor.

Rawle's Janet. Virginia. Tree vigorous, coming into leaf and bloom later than most varieties. Fruit large, conical; skin yellow, shaded red.

Rhode Island Greening. Large, greenish yellow, flesh crisp, juicy, acid.

Rolfe. Maine. Fruit medium oblate, striped red; flesh firm, subacid.

Roman Stem. New Jersey. Fruit medium, round, skin white and yellow, russet blush; flesh tender, juicy and pleasant subacid.

Salome. Illinois. Strong-growing, hardy; fruit medium, uniform; skin pale yellow, with red stripes; flesh yellow, tender, subacid.

Scott's Winter. Vermont. Very late. Keeps fresh and crisp until July. Fruit round, medium, heavily striped and almost covered with red.

Stark. Ohio. Fruit large and round; skin greenish yellow, red stripes; flesh yellow, crisp, mild acid.

Stayman's Winesap. Kansas. Fruit medium, large; skin green and yellow, red-striped; flesh yellow, firm; quality excellent. Illustrated on inside back cover.

Tolman. Tree vigorous; fruit pale yellow, firm and sweet.

Virginia Beauty. Virginia. Fruit medium to large, round; skin greenish yellow, striped red; flesh yellow, sweet and juicy.

Wealthy. Minnesota. Hardy and vigorous; fruit round, oblate, medium size; skin white, yellow and red striped with crimson; flesh white, stained, tender; good quality. Trees begin bearing when young.

Walbridge. Illinois. Very hardy; popular in Northwest. Fruit medium, striped red; flesh white, juicy, subacid.

Winter Banana. Indiana. Fruit large, golden yellow, shaded red; flesh firm, finely grained, rich and subacid.

Winter Sweet Paradise. Pennsylvania. Fruit large, round; skin green, with yellow blush; flesh white, sweet and juicy.

Wolf River. Wisconsin. Fruit very large; skin light green and yellow, striped red; flesh white, tender, aromatic, subacid.

Winesap. Tree bears early. Fruit medium, oblong; skin smooth, fine dark red; flesh yellow, firm; elegant flavor.

Yellow Bellflower. New Jersey. Very large fruit, pale yellow; flesh yellow, crisp and juicy.

York Imperial. Pennsylvania. Fruit medium, round; skin greenish yellow, striped bright red; flesh yellow, crisp, juicy.

CRAB APPLES

Hyslop. Fruit of good size and deep crimson. Flesh yellow, subacid, of good quality. Keeps well into the winter, and is very popular.

Transcendent. One of the most valuable sorts. Tree vigorous, growing to a good size, producing immense quantities of very large apples. Fruits average 1½ to 2 inches in diameter, are excellent for sauce and pies, also for cider. Skin yellow, striped with red September to October.

Golden Beauty. Beautiful golden yellow; tree a very strong grower. Fruit of medium size and very good quality. It keeps well and is excellent for dessert, kitchen use or cider.

DWARF APPLES

An increasing demand for Apple trees to be grown in back yards of city homes, and on limited acres elsewhere, has brought about the Dwarf Apple. When full-grown, these trees stand from 8 to 12 feet high, yet they bear large crops of regular-sized fruit.

We have recently given considerable attention to producing satisfactory results along these lines, and are now offering first-class Dwarf Apple trees in most of the regular standard varieties; see list below.

Dwarf Apple trees begin bearing the second year after planting and come into full bearing in four or five years. For this reason they are desirable for planting where room is scarce and where quick results are wanted.

In commercial plantings, also, where standard trees are set out in large numbers, it is sometimes an advantage to plant dwarfs in check-rows, letting them remain until the standard trees have attained a bearing age.

Of course, the standard trees will then need all the room and the dwarfs should be removed, but as they come into bearing so much sooner than the standards, it is often profitable to plant dwarfs and so make the land yield some revenue while the others are coming to maturity.

Their low growth makes it easy to spray and gather the fruit, and the "open" tendency of the branches admits sunlight to all parts of the tree, thus ripening the fruit more evenly. We offer the following varieties of Standard Apples budded on clean, vigorous Paradise and Doucin stocks:

Baldwin, Bismarck, Duchess, Early Harvest, Fallwater, Golden Sweet, Gravenstein, Northern Spy, Red Astrachan, Rhode Island Greening, Stayman's Winesap, Sweet Bough, Wealthy.

Prices for Dwarf Apples

	Each	Doz.	100	1,000
4 to 5 feet.....	\$0 25	\$2 50	\$15 00	\$140 00
3 to 4 feet	20	2 00	12 00	100 00

Remember that Dwarf Apple Trees bear just as large fruit as the standard varieties. The difference is only in the size of the trees themselves.



Full-grown Dwarf Apple trees owned by our customer, Mr. Leslie Herring, Ulster Park, New York.

THE PEAR

The Pear continues a staple fruit throughout the country, both for home use and as a commercial crop. We have always devoted more attention to the Pear than to any other variety of fruit tree except Apple and Peach. Our trees are grown on French whole root (the best obtainable) and have plenty of strong, vigorous roots, which means that they will stand transplanting well.

Through care in budding, and by constantly selecting only the best trees from which to propagate, we have considerably raised the standard of the varieties we offer.

As a market fruit, Pears are especially desirable because they ripen at a time when other things are largely out of season; hence are more easily taken care of. By a proper selection of varieties, Pears may be had constantly from July until March or April.

When growing Pears, either for home use or for market, it is well to gather them before they are fully ripe and mature them in a cool, dark room.

The following descriptions are quite complete, but if desired, we shall be pleased to give detailed information as to selecting the kinds that will give best results in planting either a home or a commercial orchard. In general, we may say that for planting the home orchard we recommend a selection from the following varieties: **Bartlett, Seckel, Clapp's Favorite, Flemish Beauty, Buerre d'Anjou, Vermont Beauty, Sheldon, Duchess and Lawrence.**

For commercial purposes, the following will be found highly desirable: **Clapp's Favorite, Seckel, Bartlett, Kieffer and Lawrence.** These ripen in about the order named.

Price of Pears

	Each	Doz.	100
First-class, extra, 6 to 7 feet.....	\$0 35	\$3 50	\$25 00
First-class, 5 to 6 feet.....	25	3 00	20 00
First-class, 4 to 5 feet.....	20	2 00	15 00

Bartletts and Seckel, 5 cts. each additional to above price.



Our Kieffer Pear trees bear fruit—but not always like the "fruit" under the tree!

Summer Pears

Bartlett. Most popular sort, both for home use and market. Trees bear early, producing enormous crops of large, handsome fruit. Flavor delicious, very rich and juicy. One of the finest eating Pears, and extra fine for canning. Should be picked before it is fully ripe.

Clapp's Favorite. Splendid grower, hardy and productive. Fruit large, handsome, marbled with dull red where exposed to the sun. The flesh is fine-grained, juicy, melting and of rich, sweet flavor. The fruit is at its best if it is picked about a week before it ripens on the tree.

Koonce. Illinois. Vigorously growing sort, bearing large crops annually. An exceedingly early variety, which may be picked green and will color up well in a few days. An excellent shipper.

Lawson. Trees healthy, free from blight, and very productive. Fruit medium to large, very handsome, and of remarkably crisp and juicy flavor. Middle of July.

Manning's (Manning's Elizabeth). Hardy and productive. Fruit small, yellow, with red cheek. Flesh white, juicy and very sweet. Ripens in August.

Rossney. Healthy grower, bears young and is very productive. Fruit of medium size, yellow, with crimson blush; flesh fine-grained, sweet and melting. An excellent keeper and good shipper.

Seckel. Most exquisitely flavored Pear known. Fruit small, green at first, becoming yellow, with red cheek. Flesh white, melting and of sweet, aromatic flavor. August and September.

Tyson. Vigorous variety; fruit of medium size, bright yellow, with reddish brown cheek. Flavor sweet, melting and aromatic. August.

Wilder. Trees bear well. Fruit small to medium; pale yellow, with red cheek; flesh fine-grained, tender, of rich, subacid flavor. An excellent shipper.

Autumn Pears

Belle Lucrative. Trees grow upright, bear early and abundantly. Fruit large, melting and sweet.

Beurre Clairgeau. An early and abundant bearer. Fruit large, yellow and red. Flesh yellowish, of good quality. This is a splendid market Pear. October and November.

Flemish Beauty. Strong grower and good bearer. Fruit large; skin somewhat rough, pale yellow, marbled with reddish brown. Flavor sweet and melting. September and October.

AUTUMN PEARS, continued

Howell. Early and profusely bearing sort. Fruit large, light yellow, with red cheek. Flavor delicious. September and October.

Louise Bonne de Jersey. Vigorous and productive. Fruit greenish yellow, with a bright red cheek; juicy, buttery and melting. September.

Le Conte. Vigorous and prolific sort. Fruit large, with smooth yellow skin; flesh juicy and firm. A good shipper.

Sheldon. Fruit medium size, yellow, with red cheek. Flavor rich, vinous, highly aromatic. October.

Vermont Beauty. Tree hardy and vigorous. Fruit round, of medium size; skin yellow, nearly covered with carmine-pink; flesh melting and of rich, sprightly flavor. October.

Worden Seckel. Improved Seckel, with larger fruit of better appearance and keeping qualities, and smooth, delightful flavor; very juicy; borne in clusters. Ripens in October and keeps until December.



Kieffer Pear tree in Nursery. We have the finest Kieffer grown

Barseckel. A cross between Bartlett and Seckel. Vigorous, upright grower. Fruit large, a little smaller than Bartlett, ripening later. Skin pale green; flesh fine-grained, white, melting and juicy. The quality is the best.

Duchess (Duchesse d'Angouleme). A general favorite, of large size and fine appearance. Skin dull, greenish yellow. Flesh white, very juicy and of excellent flavor.

Garber. Trees free from blight and immensely productive. Fruit large, resembling Kieffer Pears, but ripening two or three weeks earlier. October to Dec.

Lawrence. Trees hardy, healthy and very productive. Fruit large, skin yellow, covered with brown spots. Flesh whitish, of rich, buttery quality and aromatic flavor. One of the best of the early winter Pears.

Winter Pears

Kieffer. We have a very extensive orchard of this sort, and cut our grafting wood and buds from same. We have raised the standard of the Kieffer Pear; the fruit is large, skin yellow, with light vermilion cheek; flesh brittle, juicy and of pronounced musky aroma. One of the best and most attractive market varieties, and an excellent keeper. Kieffer Pears are being planted more and more by the largest commercial fruit growers. Fruit should be thinned early; one-tenth of a Kieffer orchard should be planted with Le Conte as a pollinizer.

Prices on Kieffer Pear Trees

	Each	Doz.	100	1,000
First-class, 7 to 8 ft., 3-yr...	\$0 30	\$3 50	\$25 00	\$225 00
First-class, 6 to 7 ft., 2-yr...	30	3 00	18 00	175 00
First-class, 5 to 6 ft., 2-yr...	25	2 50	15 00	140 00
First-class, 4 to 5 ft., 2-yr...	20	2 00	12 00	110 00
First-class, 3 to 4 ft., 2-yr...	15	1 50	8 00	75 00
First-class, 2 to 3 ft., 2-yr...	10	1 00	7 00	60 00

Boxed and baled free at these prices

Dwarf Pears

Those who wish low-headed trees, bearing fruit in two or three years after planting, will find that Dwarf Pears have their place in small gardens as well as in commercial orchards.

The leading varieties are **Duchess, Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Seckel and Flemish Beauty.**

Trees 4 to 5 ft., 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$12 per 100. Trees 3 to 4 ft., 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$10 per 100.

THE CHERRY

A very profitable fruit, growing well in nearly all sections of the United States and thriving in most soils—particularly a light, loamy ground, well drained. Cherry trees are especially good fruit trees for planting about the house, and make also an attractive showing when planted along driveways.

There are very few years that Cherries do not find a ready sale; hence they are an unusually profitable crop when grown for market purposes. Land planted to Cherries yields handsome returns, varying according to the season from \$50 to \$300 per acre.

We are giving painstaking attention to the production of the Cherry, and offer this season a stock of some 250,000 trees. Descriptions of all the leading varieties will be found below, but, for the benefit of those who wish information as to the best varieties for home and commercial growing, we would say that no better list could be suggested for either, or both, than the following: **Black Tartarian, Governor Wood, and Yellow Spanish** for the sweet varieties, and **Early Richmond, Montmorency and Morello** for the sour. Others listed below are also very valuable.

Cherries are divided into four groups: **HEART, BIGARREAU, DUKE and MORELLO.** The first two classes are also called **OXHEART** Cherries. They grow rapidly into large, pyramidal trees which bear heavy crops. Duke and Morello Cherries grow slowly, make smaller trees and bear large crops of sour fruit.

Prices of Cherry Trees

	Each	Doz.	100	1,000
Extra, 5 to 7 feet	\$0 40	\$4 00	\$30 00	\$250 00
First-class, 5 to 6 feet	35	3 50	25 00	200 00
First-class, 4 to 5 feet	30	3 00	20 00	150 00
First-class, 3 to 4 feet	25	2 50	15 00	100 00



One of our Cherry Orchards. Tonolonay Orchard Co., Hancock, Md.

Heart and Bigarreau Cherries (Sweet)

Black Tartarian. Produces immense crops of large, purplish black fruits of rich, juicy flavor. Last of June.

Governor Wood. Tree healthy and productive. Fruit large, light red, and of rich, delicious flavor. June.

Napoleon. Of largest size, pale yellow, with red blush. Flesh sweet, firm and juicy. One of the most satisfactory market sorts. July.

Rockport. Beautiful, erect trees. Large, amber-yellow fruit, sweet, tender flavor. June.

Windsor. Trees hardy and prolific. Fruit large, reddish brown, firm and of fine quality. Hangs well on the tree and is not subject to rot. Valuable for late market or home use. July.

Yellow Spanish. Very large, often an inch in diameter. Skin pale yellow, with light red cheek next to the sun. Flesh firm, of rich, delicious flavor. A general favorite. June.

Duke and Morello Cherries (Sour)

Baldwin. A most profitable variety, noted for its hardiness, vigor, earliness, remarkable productiveness, and the superior quality of its fruit. Very large, almost round, of dark red color. Flavor slightly subacid; the sweetest and richest of this class. Does particularly well in the western section of this country. June.

Dye House. Very productive sort, ripening about a week before Early Richmond. Fruit medium, with a bright red skin; flesh soft, juicy, and tender, of rather sprightly subacid flavor. One of the earliest market varieties. June.

Early Richmond (Kentish Virginia; May). Prolific. Fruit of medium size, dark red, melting, juicy, of sprightly acid flavor and unsurpassed for cooking purposes. June.

English Morello. Productive; ripens at end of Cherry season; large, dark purplish; very juicy, rich, acid flavor. First of August.

Late Duke. Large, light red. Last of July.

Louis Philippe. Very productive. Fruit large, round, of purplish black-red color. Flesh tender, of mild acid flavor. Middle of July.

May Duke. Superior and prolific sort, with large, dark red, very juicy fruit. June.

Montmorency. Trees vigorous and productive. Fruit large, light red, very handsome. Last of June.

Olivet. Large, globular, of shiny, deep red color. Flesh red, tender, of rich, subacid flavor. June.

Ostheim. Russian. Valuable extra-hardy sort. Fruit nearly black when ripe; flesh red, tender, subacid. Unsurpassed for market. June.

Reine Hortense. Fruit very large, bright red, juicy and delicious. The sweetest of this class. July.

Wragg. Resembles English Morello in every respect, but trees are said to be much harder. July.

Sour Cherries, our choice of varieties, 4 to 5 ft., 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$17.50 per 100, \$125 per 1,000

THE PLUM

Easily grown and very profitable for commercial purposes. When planted for home use, the trees thrive particularly well if set in poultry yards, where they afford shade for the fowls, are kept well fertilized, and are more free from insects. We offer this year about 100,000 trees, in the following varieties. The most desirable sorts for home and commercial purposes are **Red June, Abundance, Burbank, Shropshire Damson** and **Wickson**.

Prices of Plums on Plum Roots

	Each	Doz.	100	1,000
First-class, XXX, 6 to 7 ft.....	\$0 35	\$3 50	\$25 00	\$200 00
First-class, XX, 5 to 6 ft.....	30	3 00	20 00	175 00
Heavy, first-class, 4 to 5 ft.....	25	2 50	15 00	110 00
Medium, 3 to 4 ft.....	20	2 00	10 00	90 00
Light, 2 to 3 ft.....	20	1 50	8 00	70 00

Abundance. Large, showy fruits of beautiful amber color, turning to rich, bright cherry. Flesh light yellow tender, juicy, and highly perfumed. July.

Burbank. Large, nearly globular fruit of deep cherry-red. Flesh deep yellow, very sweet and of a peculiar aromatic flavor. August.

Bradshaw. Fruit very large. Skin dark violet-red, flesh yellowish green, juicy and sweet. August 15.

Chabot. Fruit large, skin yellow, nearly covered with carmine. Flesh very solid, orange-yellow, and of good subacid quality. Clingstone. First of September.

October Purple. Large fruit of uniform size. Skin dark rich maroon; flesh firm, of excellent flavor; stone small. A particularly fine sort.

Ogon. Vigorous and productive; fruit large, roundish; golden yellow; flesh solid, rich, sweet-flavored. Freestone. Late June.

Red June. Hardy, productive, upright-growing trees. Fruit medium to large; deep vermilion-red. Flesh light yellow, subacid. Best of the early sorts. August.

Satsuma. Large, of globular shape with sharp point. Skin purplish red; flesh dark red, firm, and of excellent flavor. Pit very small. September.

Shropshire Damson. Fruit very large, dark purple. Highly esteemed for preserving. September.

Wickson. One of the most productive Japanese varieties originated by Burbank. Fruit largest of this class; deep maroon. Flesh dull yellow, firm and of good quality. Good keeper and fine shipper.

SPECIAL COLLECTION of Best Sorts (Our Choice)

	Each	Doz.	100	1,000
5 to 6 feet	\$0 25	\$2 75	\$17 50	\$140 00
4 to 5 feet	20	1 75	12 50	100 00
3 to 4 feet	15	1 50	8 00	70 00

THE GRAPE

BLACK GRAPES

Campbell's Early. Strong, hardy and vigorous. Good size, glossy black. Pulp sweet and juicy. Middle of August. 25 cts. each.

Concord. Early and most popular sort on the market. Large, compact bunches, with large berries. Skin tender, but firm; flesh juicy, sweet and delicious. 10c. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100, \$20 per 1,000.

King. Same color as Concord, but more prolific clusters and berries larger. Pulp tender, of sprightly flavor; few seeds. Awarded highest prizes. 50c. each, \$5 per doz.

Moore's Early. Ripens before Concord. Bunches medium, berries large; flesh pulpy, of medium quality. Planted extensively as a market sort. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100, \$20 per 1,000.

RED GRAPES

Agawam (Rogers' Hybrid No. 15). Red or maroon. Loose bunches, large berries. Skin thick, pulp rich and juicy; aromatic flavor. Ripens with Concord and keeps well. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

Delaware. Red. Small, compact bunches, with small berries. Skin thin, but firm; flesh sweet and refreshing. Of best quality. 10c. each, 75c. per doz., \$4 per 100.

Wyoming. Bright red; almost amber. Berries large, tender, juicy, with sweet aroma. Ripens early. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

WHITE GRAPES

Niagara. Leading white market variety. Bunch and berry large, greenish white, changing to pale yellow, when fully ripe. Quality excellent. August. 10c. each, 75c. per doz., \$4 per 100, \$35 per 1,000.

Pocklington. Pale green, tinted yellow. Large, compact bunches and large berries. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

Special Collection, our choice. 12 vines, six sorts, for \$1, \$3 per 100, \$20 per 1,000

THE QUINCE

3 to 5 feet, 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz., \$30 per 100

Apple, or Orange. Very productive sort. Fruit large, round, bright golden yellow. Valuable for preserves or flavoring. October.

Bourgeat. Remarkably thrifty sort, yielding immense crops. Fruit large, round, golden yellow. Keeps in good condition until February.

Champion. Vigorous and prolific. Fruit large, oval; quality excellent. Begins to bear when two years old. Keeps well until January.

Meech. Immensely productive and vigorous. Fruit large, orange-yellow, of great beauty and fragrance. Fine for preserving.

Missouri Mammoth. The largest variety in cultivation. Perfect shape and mammoth size.

THE APRICOT

Russian. Hardy and quite distinct fruit trees which will succeed where other Apricots fail. They bear early, producing an abundance of fruit.

Superb. Originated in the Central West, where it has proven to be the hardiest and most productive Apricot in existence. Fruit medium-sized, of light salmon color and most exquisite flavor. 30 cts. each, \$1 for 4.

THE MULBERRY

Russian. Grows rapidly, bearing large, long fruits of good flavor, from June until September. 6 to 8 feet, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz., \$40 per 100.



Grape Vine Trained on Trellis

THE CURRANT

Strong, 2-year-old plants of the following varieties, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$6 per 100

Fay's Prolific. Best of all the red Currants. A great bearer, with long stems. Subacid.

Lee's Prolific. Black; fruit large and of superior quality. Enormously productive.

North Star. Hardy, vigorous, and very prolific. Bunches average 4 inches in length. Quality unexcelled.

Pomona. Bright red; of good size, with few seeds. Very sweet, hanging long after ripening.

Red Dutch. Excellent old sort of well-known quality. Large clusters of slight acid flavor.

Victoria. Very late red. Fruit large, long, of fine quality.

White Grape. Yellowish white. Very large and excellent, mild quality. The best of the white sorts.

Wilder. Bright red; very large bunches.

THE RASPBERRY

Ruby. Ripens with the earliest, and continues through a long season. Fruit large, bright red, exceedingly firm, excellent quality. Strong grower; large, hardy canes. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$3 per 100.

ASPARAGUS

A deservedly popular early vegetable. Plant roots a foot apart, four inches deep, in rich, mellow soil.

Extra-strong roots, by mail, 40 cts. per doz.; by express, 75 cts. per 100, \$3.50 per 1,000, 1-year selected.

Giant Argenteuil. Grown by some of the most successful truckers near Charleston, S. C., and pronounced superior to others in earliness, productiveness and large stalks.

Barr's Mammoth. Early and large; popular market sort.

Conover's Colossal. Grows very rapidly, producing enormous stalks.

Palmetto. Early, large, productive. Best quality;

Collections

Compiled for the convenience of those of our customers who are not familiar with the merits of the many different varieties contained in our complete list.

PEACH TREE COLLECTIONS

No. 1 by mail, postpaid, \$1. Six collections for \$5

2 Belle of Georgia, 4 Elberta, 4 Crawford Late, 2 Bilyeu.

No. 2 by mail, postpaid, for \$2. Six collections for \$10

3 Greensboro, 5 Niagara, 3 Oldmixon, 3 Wonderful, 3 Connett's Southern Early, 2 White Heath Cling, 3 Reeve's Favorite, 2 Salway, 3 Carman, 5 Fox Seedling.

No. 3 by mail, postpaid, for \$3. Six collections for \$15

2 Ray, 3 Hiley, 5 Foster, 5 New Prolific, 3 Lodge, 5 Moore's Favorite, 5 Frances, 5 Smock, 2 Mamie Ross, 5 Fox Seedling, 5 Matthew's Beauty, 5 Levy's Late.

No. 4 by mail, postpaid, for \$5. Six collections for \$27

5 Champion, 10 Elberta, 10 Stump, 5 Smock, 5 Greensboro, 10 Mountain Rose, 10 Stephen's Rare Ripe, 5 Levy's Late, 5 Waddell, 10 Crawford Late, 10 Geary's Holdon.

No. 5 by express, not prepaid, 3 to 4 feet, for \$5. Six collections for \$27

The same collection, 5- to 6-ft. trees, \$11. Six collections for \$60

5 Greensboro, 10 Elberta, 10 Salway, 10 Stephen's Rare Ripe, 10 Mountain Rose, 10 Crawford Late, 10 Frances, 10 Reeve's Favorite, 10 Belle of Georgia, 5 White Heath Cling.

No. 6, 2 to 3 feet, for \$6. Six collections for \$35

5 Ray, 25 Belle of Georgia, 25 Oldmixon, 10 Bilyeu, 10 Yellow St. John, 25 Elberta, 10 Stump, 5 Clingstone, 10 Champion, 25 Crawford Late.

APPLE TREE COLLECTIONS

No. 7 by mail, postpaid, for \$1. Six collections for \$5

2 Yellow Transparent, 2 Duchess, 2 Stayman's Winesap, 2 Grimes' Golden, 2 Williams' Early Red, 2 Winesap.

No. 8 by mail, postpaid, for \$2. Six collections for \$10

4 Williams' Early Red, 4 Ben Davis, 4 Winesap, 2 Yellow Transparent, 4 Duchess, 4 Grimes' Golden, 2 Stayman's Winesap.

No. 9 by express, not prepaid, 5 to 6 feet, for \$6. Six collections for \$33

5 Williams' Early Red, 5 Duchess, 10 Jonathan, 5 Mammoth Black Twig, 5 Nero, 5 Early Harvest, 10 Stayman's Winesap, 5 Winesap.

No. 10, 6 to 7 feet, for \$12. Six collections for \$70

5 Red Astrachan, 5 Yellow Transparent, 10 Winesap, 10 Nero, 10 Stark.

PEAR, PLUM AND CHERRY COLLECTIONS

No. 11 by mail, postpaid, for \$1. Six collections for \$5

2 Bartlett Pear, 2 Kieffer Pear, 1 Montmorency Cherry, 2 Red June Plum, 1 Baldwin Cherry, 2 Early Richmond Cherry.

No. 12 by express, not prepaid, 4 to 5 feet, for \$3. Six collections for \$15

2 Bartlett Pear, 1 Red June Plum, 1 Burbank Plum, 1 Baldwin Cherry, 2 Kieffer Pear, 2 Wickson Plum, 2 Montmorency Cherry, 1 Early Richmond Cherry.

No. 13, \$5 Fruit Orchard, by mail postpaid

GET THIS COLLECTION AND HAVE FRUIT FROM JUNE 1 TO MARCH 1

2 Carman Peach	2 Duchess Apple	1 Niagara Grape	2 Shropshire Damson Plum
2 Belle of Georgia Peach	2 Yellow Transparent Apple	1 Moore's Early Grape	2 Early Richmond Cherry
4 Elberta Peach	2 Jonathan Apple	2 Bartlett Pear	2 Montmorency Cherry
4 Reeves' Favorite Peach	2 Mammoth Black Twig	2 Duchess Pear	1 Mo. Mammoth Quince
2 W. Heath Cling Peach	2 Winesap Apple	2 Kieffer Pear	1 Orange Quince
2 Salway Peach	2 Wilder Currant	2 Red June Plum	1 Baby Rambler Rose
2 Williams' Early Red Apple	1 Concord Grape	2 Abundance Plum	1 White Rose.

We will furnish the above collection, by express, not paid, 2 to 3 feet, for \$5; 3 to 4 feet, for \$6; 5 to 6 feet, for \$9. Six collections of the above, 2 to 3 feet, for \$27; 3 to 4 feet, for \$35; 5 to 6 feet, for \$55.

OUR SPECIAL LOW-PRICED COLLECTIONS

For \$1, we will send any one of the collections named below, postpaid. Except where named, the choice of varieties must be left to us, the purchaser simply naming the number of the collection wanted. Fine strong plants and bulbs guaranteed, each distinctly labeled.

Set 14.—4 Pear and 5 Apple trees; all different.

Set 15.—2 Cherry and 3 Pear trees; all different.

Set 16.—2 each of Pear, Plum, Apple and Peach; all different.

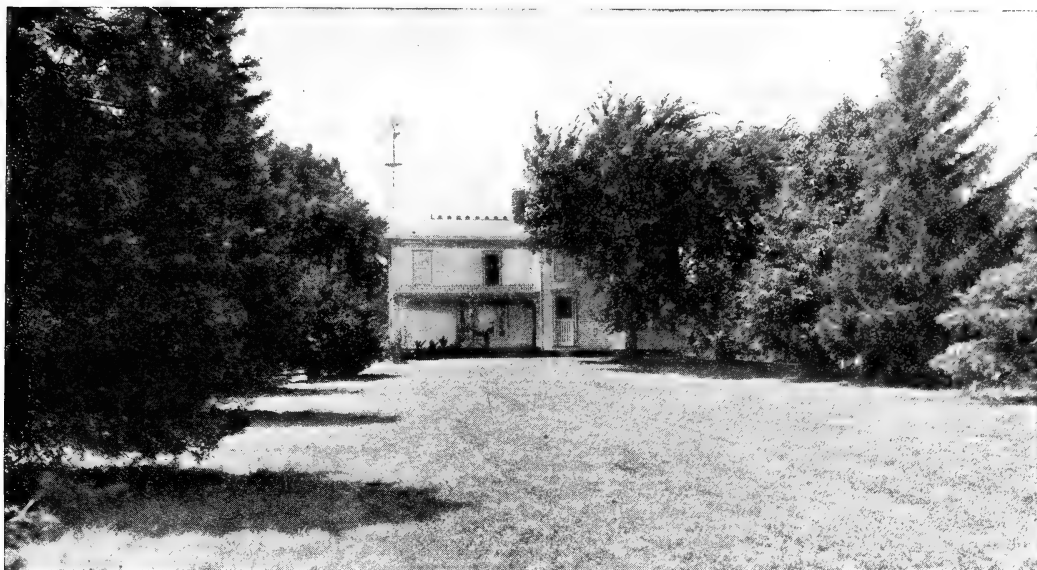
Set 17.—2 each of Wyoming, Concord, Moore's Early, Niagara, Catawba and Pocklington Grapevines.

Set 18.—15 Concord Grapevines, or 13 of our choice in four varieties.

Set 19.—20 Currants, 5 each of Victoria, Cherry, Fay's Prolific and Miller.

Set 20.—10 each of Glen Mary, Haverland, Marshall, Sample, William Belt, Brandywine and Gandy Strawberry plants.

Set 21.—12 Hardy Herbaceous Plants; 12 sorts.



Ornamental Department

There has been a wide misunderstanding of the term "Home Planting" in the past, and many persons have taken it to mean an elaborate and expensive setting out of trees, vines and plants about the home, involving the service of a high-priced landscape architect and a great quantity of costly nursery stock.

This, however, is not correct, and we have for several years been making a special effort toward producing the kind of reliable shade trees, plants and vines that could be had at a very reasonable cost, and of showing how they could be arranged so as to produce the most striking effect without calling in any outside assistance.

It is a fact proven over and over again that planting a few trees on a property increases its actual value tremendously—many times greater than the cost of the trees themselves—and that such properties often sell for more than others, perhaps larger and more desirably located, but which lack the beautiful touch that the trees and vines would give.

Planting ornamentals throws a different atmosphere about the place; as has so well been said, it makes the difference between "house" and "home." Besides the beautiful point of view, having trees about the house means a great saving in the way of protection. In the summer-time trees help to keep the house cool and cast an inviting shade over the lawn, and bring songbirds with their sweet music; in the winter they act as a wind-break, sheltering the home from storm and simplifying the heating problem. All the year round, trees protect the house, making it necessary to paint less often.

Of late we have been giving particular attention to our Ornamental Department. On his trip abroad last year, our Mr. Orlando Harrison purchased many selected lots of stock, and these, together with our constant efforts to make our Ornamental Department the most complete of its kind, place at your disposal a first-class stock of everything needed to make the home beautiful.

The limited space allotted to this department curtails our list to a great extent, but we are prepared, at all times, to furnish other species and varieties not found herein. Write us, and we will gladly advise you as to the varieties best suited to your soil and climate.

Our book "How to Plant About the Country Home" deals with these problems in an interesting way showing how the home may be made beautiful at small cost. A copy may be had free with your first order, if you return the coupon on the envelope in which this Catalogue came to you.



A California Privet Hedge which we planted on a neighbor's grounds. G. A. Harrison's children in the foreground.

EVERGREENS

These graceful, stately plants have always been favorites with us. They lend a touch of color to the landscape in winter time, and always please the eye with their handsome foliage.

Abies concolor. WHITE FIR. One of the finest Rocky mountain evergreens. A very graceful and rapid grower, with broad, handsome foliage. Leaves bluish green above, silvery green beneath. In time it forms a most handsome tree of majestic appearance. 10 inches. 50 cts. each.

Juniperus communis. COMMON JUNIPER. A handsome shrub, with low-spreading branches and very dense, grayish green foliage. Grown in connection with taller evergreens, it gives those trees that effective setting which is so desirable in landscape work 18 to 24 inches. 50 cts. each.

J. Virginiana glauca. BLUE CEDAR. The trees make very handsome and effective specimens. They grow vigorously, are of compact habit, and their rich, silvery blue foliage is very distinct and beautiful. 3 to 4 feet, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.



Evergreens form a splendid windbreak for the home

Juniperus nana. DWARF, OR PROSTRATE JUNIPER. Very dwarf, low-growing shrub, with dense, grayish green foliage. It thrives well anywhere, either in the shade or in sunny, exposed situations. One of the best for formation of rockeries. 60 cts. each.

Picea excelsa. NORWAY SPRUCE. Very hardy and handsome variety of very rapid growth. It is adapted to a great variety of soils, and is planted extensively for hedges and windbreaks. 12 to 15 inches, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.; 17 per 100; 15 to 18 inches, 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.; \$9 per 100; 1 1/2 to 2 feet, 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz.; \$13 per 100; 2 to 3 ft., 50c. each, \$5 per doz.; \$40 per 100; 3 to 4 ft., 75c. each, \$7.50 per doz.

P. pungens. COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE. A hardy and most beautiful tree from the Rocky mountains. It is branched regularly, of very symmetrical growth, with splendid bluish or sage-colored foliage. Cones 3 to 4 inches long. Cannot be too highly recommended. 12 inches, \$1; 3 feet, \$3.

P. pungens glauca. KOSTER'S BLUE SPRUCE. In height and shape it very much resembles the preceding sorts, but the foliage is of a more intense silvery blue color. Unquestionably the most handsome of all Spruces, admirably suited for planting in lawns. 12 inches, \$2 each; 18 to 24 inches, \$3 each.

Pinus Austriacus. AUSTRIAN PINE. Remarkably sturdy and hardy variety, developing robust, spreading trees of grand size. It grows very quickly, producing distinct and massive effects. Light brown cones, 2 to 3 inches long. 18 inches, 50c. each; 3 to 4 ft., \$1 each.

Pinus sylvestris. SCOTCH PINE. Native of Europe and Asia, where it is one of the chief timber trees. Very hardy, robust and rapid-growing tree. Foliage bluish green; very dense. Reddish brown cones about 2 inches long. Used frequently for windbreaks and shelters. 18 inches, 50 cts., each; 3 to 4 ft., \$1 each.

Retinospora obtusa. JAPANESE CYPRESS. Native of Japan, where it is used largely in the formation of picturesque gardens. The handsome, miniature trees give very pretty effects if planted outdoors. Grown in boxes or tubs, they are valuable for the decoration of the house in winter-time. Grown outdoors, they require some protection in winter. 2 to 3 feet, 75 cts. each; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50 each.

R. plumosa aurea. GOLDEN PLUME-LIKE CYPRESS. One of the best of the variegated evergreens. The bright color of the young shoots contrasts strikingly with the older foliage of darker color. Highly ornamental and very useful. 3 to 4 feet, \$1 each.

Thuya occidentalis. AMERICAN ARBORVITÆ. Well known as a screen and hedge plant. The foliage is bright green, turning brown and bronze in winter. If permitted to grow naturally, it will grow quite tall, but usually it is kept down by shearing. As a garden plant it creates pleasing effects, while as a tub plant it is very ornamental and durable. 12 to 15 inches, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.; \$7 per 100; 15 to 18 inches, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.; \$9 per 100; 18 to 24 inches, 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.; \$13 per 100; 2 to 3 feet, 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz.; \$25 per 100; 3 to 4 feet, 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz.; \$40 per 100.

T. occidentalis filicoides. FERN-LIKE ARBORVITÆ. A small sort of pleasing, pyramidal shape. Foliage fern-like, dark green; very beautiful. 2 to 3 feet, 75 cts. each, 3 to 4 feet, \$1 each.

T. occidentalis globosa. GLOBULAR ARBORVITÆ. Forms dense, compact plants with globular outline. Foliage light green. Highly ornamental. 2 to 3 feet, 75 cts. each, 3 to 4 feet, \$1 each.

T. occidentalis Hoveyi. HOVEY'S GOLDEN ARBORVITÆ. Distinct sort, with golden green foliage. Bushes very dense; of distinct conical shape. 2 to 3 feet, 75 cts. each.

T. occidentalis plicata. SIBERIAN ARBORVITÆ. Very hardy sort, of distinct, pyramidal growth. Foliage very dense, greenish brown, lower branches bluish green. Keeps color well in winter time; forms elegant specimen trees on lawns. 3 feet, 75 cts. each.

T. occidentalis pyramidalis. PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITÆ. This is a variety of upright, compact habit, with dense, bright green foliage. It is the narrowest of the Arborvitæ, very formal and attractive. 3 to 4 feet, \$1 each.

Tsuga Canadensis. CANADIAN HEMLOCK SPRUCE. If, after being planted, it is left undisturbed, this tree grows tall and graceful, with drooping branches. When trimmed, it forms dense shelters, hedges or specimen trees. Highly valued for parks or landscape work. Foliage dark green and glossy. The cones are half an inch or more long. 2 to 3 feet, 75 cts. each, 3 to 4 feet, \$1.50 each; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50 each.

Cupressus, Glory of Boskoop. LAWSON'S CYPRESS. One of the most beautiful evergreens. Trees slender, growing very tall. Foliage feathery, fern-like, of deep, bluish green color, fully as rich as that of the Colorado Blue Spruce. Quite hardy. 12 to 18 inches, 75 cts. each.



BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS

BAY TREES. Most valuable ornamental trees, usually trimmed to formal lines. They are particularly useful as tub plants for the decoration of halls, vestibules, conservatories, etc. Not hardy in northern states. We imported a choice lot of trees from Europe the past summer. **Standard trees**, with nice crowns, 40- to 48-inch stems, 28- to 30-inch crown, \$8 each, \$15 for 2.

LAURUS CERASUS. CHERRY LAUREL. The Mock Orange of the South. Handsome, bushy trees with glossy evergreen foliage. They make very ornamental tub plants, bearing white flowers, which somewhat resemble those of the cherry tree. **Standard trees**, with symmetrical crowns, 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50 each, \$4.50 per pair. **Dwarf Pyramids**, \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

EVERGREEN SHRUBS

Rhododendrons (ROSEBAY)

When planted singly in the lawn, grouped around evergreens, or planted in masses about the house, nothing is so effective as the Rhododendron. It is most showy at any time, but particularly so in early summer, when it is covered with masses of large, beautiful flowers; and in winter when its great, glossy green leaves present a striking contrast to the bare branches of trees and bushes surrounding it.

The Rhododendron, more than most other shrubs, is ideal for planting in beds close up against the foundation of the house. The effect thus produced is nothing short of marvelous, when a home so planted is compared with one whose foundation looms above the ground, giving an impression of barren coldness hard to describe.

Plant the Rhododendron where it will receive shade for a part of each day—the north side of the house is desirable—and the most gratifying results will follow.

Catawbiense grandiflora, White. Flowers are very large, borne freely in large clusters late in the spring. Foliage oblong, bright green, clustered at the end of the branches. Ten to fifteen buds, 15 ins., \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

C. grandiflora, Purple. Resembles the preceding. The flowers are purple. Seven to ten buds, 12 inches, \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

Ponticum, Purple. Not quite so hardy as the two preceding sorts, but the bushes are very vigorous, growing as high as 10 feet. Purple flowers. Ten to fifteen buds, 15 inches, \$1 each, \$10 per doz.



Mr. J. G. Harrison and an American Arborvitæ hedge planted near his residence

DECIDUOUS TREES

It is almost natural for us to look upon Deciduous Trees as the "calendars" of our existence; the swelling buds and dainty green shoots telling us that winter's cold reign is over and that summer is on the way—and the fading colors of the leaves as they fall reminding us that snow is again near at hand.

Deciduous, or leaf-shedding trees, occupy a place all their own; in full leaf during the summer months, they are wonderful monuments of silent grandeur, and for the real tree lover they lose none of their charm even in the depths of winter, when the last leaf has left the stark boughs, for Nature's grace is still there in all its fulness—a promise of added beauty yet to come with the new springtime.

A judicious planting of Deciduous Trees serves a highly practical purpose also. Windbreaks and woodlots should have their place on every farm, and as good timber becomes more scarce and costly, the planting of trees for that purpose will occupy a larger place in the consideration of land-owners.

Acer Colchicum rubrum. RED COLCHICUM MAPLE. Symmetrical tree, with spreading branches. Leaves five- to seven-lobed, of dark blood-red color, when unfolding. Of rather slow growth. Never attains a very large size. Highly valued on account of the unique color of its foliage. 4 to 5 feet, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Æsculus hippocastanum. EUROPEAN HORSE-CHESTNUT. One of the most popular shade and street trees, with handsome, dark green foliage and showy, upright spikes of white and red flowers, which are produced in May. Fruit is prickly, enclosing two or three attractive seeds. 4 to 5 feet, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz., \$35 per 100.



A magnificent avenue of Norway Maples

Acer negundo. BOX ELDER, or ASH-LEAVED MAPLE. Trees grow rapidly into large specimens. Branches spreading, leaves bright green, turning yellow in the fall. Endures drought and cold to a remarkable degree. Frequently found in the West, where it is planted for windbreaks, shelters and on timber claims. 8 to 10 feet, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz., \$30 per 100.

A. platanoides Schwedleri. RED, or PURPLE MAPLE. The beautiful foliage of this variety attracts attention at all seasons. In the spring, the leaves are gleaming red and purple, turning to purplish green in summer. In the fall, they fade to many shades of yellow, red and brown. 5 to 6 feet, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

A. platanoides. NORWAY MAPLE. A splendid street tree and general favorite for lawns, parks, or landscape work. Of compact, vigorous growth, with strong branches and smooth, bright green foliage. We have a fine stock of this splendid variety. 5 to 6 feet, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz., \$40 per 100; 6 to 8 feet, 75 cts. each, \$8 per doz., \$60 per 100; 8 to 10 feet, \$1 each, \$10 per doz., \$80 per 100; 10 feet, \$1.50 each.

A. saccharum. SILVER MAPLE. One of the finest and most useful of all shade trees. Grows to large size. Branches spreading; leaves deeply lobed, bright green above and silvery white underneath. 6 to 8 feet, 40c each, \$4 per doz., \$25 per 100; 8 to 10 ft., 50c. each, \$5 per doz., \$35 per 100; 10 to 12 ft., 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz., \$50 per 100.

Betula alba pendula laciniata. CUT-LEAVED WEEPING BIRCH. A very popular tree, with many attractive characteristics. It grows quite tall, is of slender but vigorous growth. The branches are drooping, have silvery white bark and delicately lacinated foliage. A superb variety. 6 to 8 feet, \$1 each, 10 to 12 feet, \$2 each.

Catalpa speciosa. INDIAN BEAN. Medium-sized tree, noted for its great hardiness. The foliage is heart-shaped, of yellowish green color. The large, showy flowers are produced in June, being followed by long, narrow "beans" in late summer. Very effective. 5 to 6 feet, 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$20 per 100; 6 to 8 feet, 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz., \$30 per 100; 8 to 10 feet, 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz., \$40 per 100.

Fraxinus nigra. AMERICAN BLACK ASH. Slender, upright trees, with compact, narrow crown. Foliage grows in leaflets from eight to ten, is dark green, paler underneath. 6 to 8 ft., 50c. each, \$5 per doz.; 8 to 10 ft., 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz.

Magnolia Soulangeana. Large, showy, cup-shaped flowers, white, suffused with pink; very fragrant; appear in earliest spring. The dark green leaves do not expand until after flowers have fallen. Beautiful and very hardy. 3 ft., \$1 each, \$10 per doz., \$90 per 100.

M. stellata Halleana. HALL'S JAPAN MAGNOLIA. Hardy and vigorous. Produces its pure white, semi-double, fragrant flowers in April. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.

Populus Carolinensis. CAROLINA POPLAR. A native tree, very popular for park or street planting. Grows rapidly, forming symmetrical, pyramidal heads. Large, glossy leaves. For years this has been one of our biggest sellers in the ornamental department, and we are ready for large orders. 5 to 6 feet, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100; 6 to 8 ft., 35c. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$18 per 100; 8 to 10 ft., 50c. each, \$4 per doz., \$20 per 100; 10 to 12 ft., 50c. ea., \$5 per doz., \$25 per 100.

Tilia Americana. AMERICAN LINDEN, or BASSWOOD. One of the best ornamental trees. It is hardy, grows rapidly; the leaves are oval or heart-shaped, dark green above, pale green underneath. A grand tree, either for lawns, parks or streets. 5 to 6 feet, 60 cts. each, \$5 per doz., \$40 per 100; 6 to 8 feet, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz., \$50 per 100.

Ulmus Americana. AMERICAN ELM. Tall, stately tree of graceful habit and beautiful outline. Very hardy and grows rapidly. Valuable for landscape work. 6 to 8 feet, 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz., \$45 per 100; 8 to 10 feet, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz., \$50 per 100.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

Azalea mollis. JAPANESE AZALEA. Blooms before Rhododendrons. Thrives in any good soil. While quite hardy, protection should be given in exposed situations. Our seedlings embrace a great variety of colors. Fifteen to twenty-five buds, 12 inches, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora. Very large, showy flowers are borne in panicles or clusters. They are white at first, changing to pink, brown, and, finally, to bronzy green as the season advances. In order to produce largest clusters, the shrubs should be pruned severely every spring. They show to best advantage planted in beds or masses, but can also be grown in tree form. 18 to 24 inches, 25 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM (California Privet). Decidedly the most popular hedge plant, forming beautiful, symmetrical, live fences of great density. We have grown Privet for a good many years, have grown millions of plants, and the longer we grow it the better we like it. Untrimmed, it grows from 8 to 12 feet high; it has attractive, glossy dark green foliage, which is not subject to insect attacks. It will stand pruning to any extent at all seasons. With us it is almost evergreen, holding its old foliage until the new leaves appear. Ornament your grounds with Privet.

To PLANT CALIFORNIA PRIVET, thoroughly work a strip of soil about 5 feet wide. Plow or dig a trench through the middle of this strip, set your plants 6 to 9 inches apart in the trench and fill in with pulverized soil. Dip the roots of each plant in a mud puddle before setting.



Shade Trees in the Meadow

Sizes and Prices of California Privet

	Doz.	100	1,000		Doz.	100	1,000
4 to 5 feet.....	\$1 00	\$6 50	\$60 00	2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 60	\$4 00	\$35 00
3 to 4 feet.....	75	5 00	45 00	18 inches to 2 feet.....	50	3 00	25 00
				12 inches to 18 inches.....	40	2 50	20 00

Viburnum plicatum. JAPANESE SNOWBALL. This handsome, hardy shrub has exceedingly showy flowers and beautiful foliage. The pretty, pure white flowers are borne in globular clusters. 4 to 5 feet, 50 cts. each.

Berberis Thunbergi (JAPANESE BARBERRY). Low, quaint, bright red berries. 25 cts. each, \$2 per doz. Young plants for hedges, \$3 per 100, \$25 per 1,000; strong plants, \$6 per 100, \$50 per 1,000.

HERBACEOUS PLANTS

	Each	Doz.	100
Foxglove. Assorted, White, Purple, Spotted and Pink. Field-grown clumps.....	\$0 10	\$1 00	\$8 00
Columbine. Assorted.....	10	1 00	8 00
Larkspurs. Assorted.....	10	1 00	8 00
Eulalias. Two varieties.....	10	1 00	8 00
Hardy Phlox. Ten varieties.....	10	1 00	8 00
Hardy Carnations. Three varieties.....	10	1 00	8 00
Dahlias. 200 varieties.....	10	1 00	8 00
Cannas. 30 leading varieties.....	10	1 00	8 00
Peonies. Three varieties—White, Rose and Pink.....	25	2 50	16 00
Caladium. ELEPHANT'S EAR.....	25	2 50	
Gladioli. Assorted.....	05	50	3 00



We sell California Privet Hedges by the mile



THE ROSE

Strong field-grown plants, 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz., \$20 per 100

Anna Diesbach. Lovely brilliant carmine; large, well-formed, compact flowers. Delightfully scented; vigorous grower and bloomer.

Baby Rambler. Unique variety, forming compact bushes about 2 feet high, which are covered completely with large clusters of crimson flowers. One of the best for borders and bedding.

Helen Gould. Soft, deep carmine-crimson, similar in color to American Beauty. Blooms profusely; an exceedingly desirable sort.

La France. Hybrid Tea. A universal favorite on account of its free-blooming qualities and delicate coloring. The flowers are of good size, very double and of perfect shape. They are of delicate silvery rose color, shaded with cerise-pink. One of the most fragrant Roses in cultivation.

Madame Charles Wood. One of the most beautiful and constant-blooming of Hybrid Perpetual Roses. Flowers bright, cherry-red; bush is very hardy and commences blooming the first year.

Magna Charta. Hybrid Perpetual. A splendid sort, with extra-large, double flowers of pleasing fragrance. Color a clear, bright rosy red, flushed with violet-crimson. It is a sure and free bloomer. Highly esteemed as one of the hardiest Roses; largely used for general planting.

Meteor. Deep, glowing crimson of a velvety texture. Very free and vigorous. One of the best red Roses ever introduced for garden planting.

Rosa rugosa. WRINKLED JAPANESE ROSE. This wild species of Roses thrives in a wide range of soils,

under almost any condition. The flowers are very showy, 3 or more inches across, and are produced in such profusion that they completely cover the shrub. After the blooming period, a wealth of large, scarlet berries develop, which give to the plants a beautiful and most effective appearance. **White and Red.**

Vick's Caprice. Large, round flowers, soft pink, striped with bright carmine. Beautifully marked and very attractive.

Climbing Roses

Crimson Rambler. CLIMBING POLYANTHA. Has attained world-wide popularity. It succeeds everywhere, producing large trusses of glowing crimson flowers year after year. Although it is preëminently a Climbing Rose, it may also be grown in bush or pillar form.

Philadelphia Rambler. Magnificent hardy crimson; flowers very large and perfectly double. A decided improvement over the old Crimson Rambler. Excellent for porches, trellises, screens, fences, etc.

Pink Rambler. Resembles the preceding sort in every respect, but the colors of the wonderfully large trusses is a brilliant light pink.

White Rambler. Of similar habit of growth as the Crimson Rambler, just as hardy and with flowers just as large. The pearly white clusters contrast nicely with those of the other Rambler Roses.

Yellow Rambler. The hardiest of all yellow climbing Roses. The medium-sized flowers are borne in immense clusters. Of bright yellow color and very sweet-scented.

HARDY HERBACEOUS PEONIES

These most magnificent flowers are receiving wide recognition and their many fine qualities give them increasing popularity every year. Those who have in mind the old-fashioned "Piney" of grandmother's garden will not recognize the truly superb new varieties as belonging to the same class of plants. Peonies are absolutely hardy. They thrive in any good garden soil, are free from insect pests and disease and have very attractive foliage, which forms a pleasing contrast with the lovely bloom.

Queen Victoria. Outer petals white, center rosy white. Strong grower and free bloomer. Valued by florists as a cut-flower. 50 cts. each.

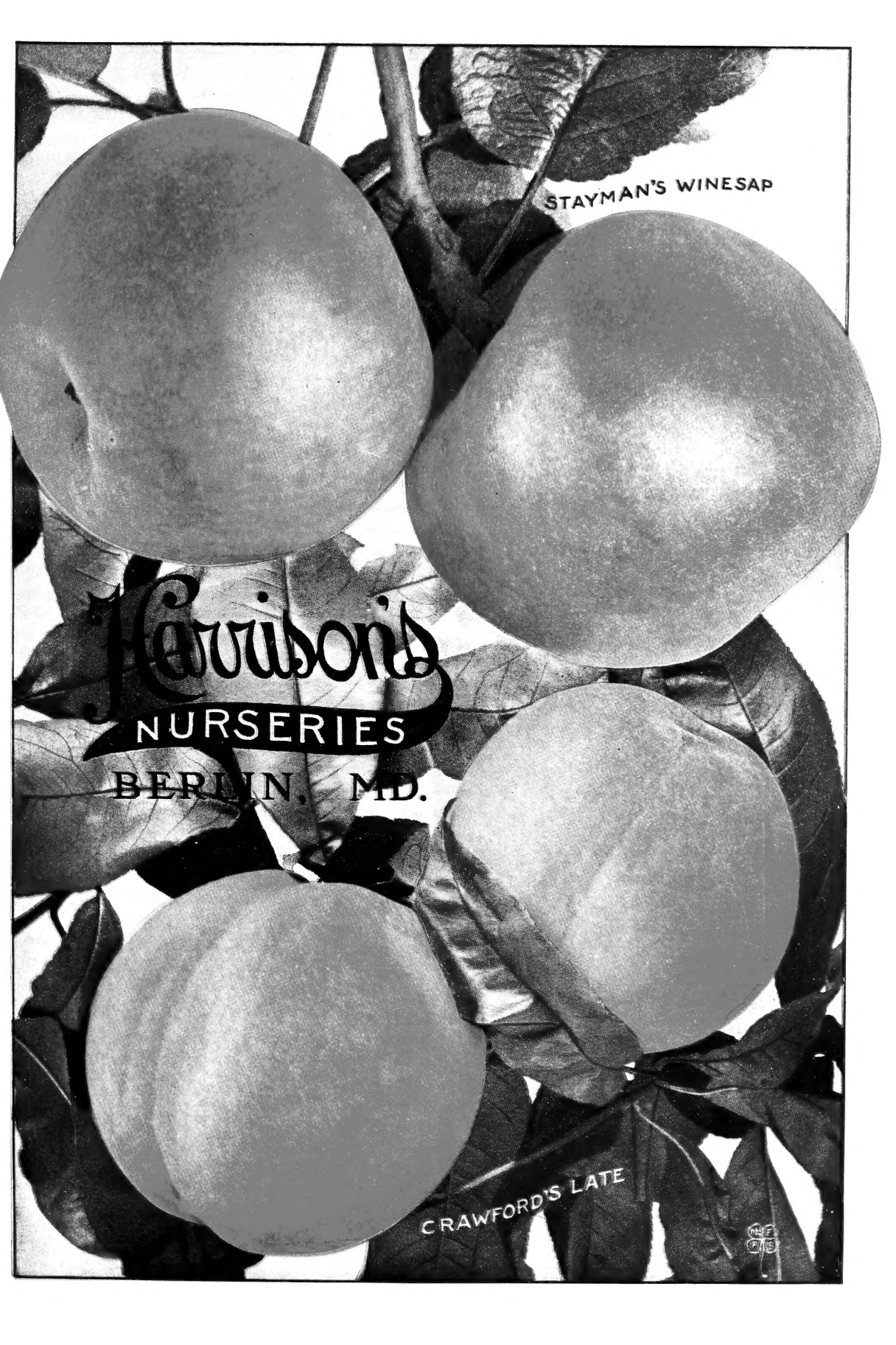
Festiva maxima. One of the best all-around whites. Flowers of magnificent form are borne on long, stiff stems. Center petals tipped with carmine. 50c. each.

Note.—In addition to the above, we have in stock a complete assortment of Hardy Herbaceous Plants, Summer-flowering Bulbs, Ornamental Grasses and Bedding Plants. Ask for full list of varieties.

Officinalis alba fl. pl. Double white. 50 cts. each.

Officinalis rosea fl. pl. Double, clear pink. 35 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$16 per 100.

Officinalis rubra fl. pl. Rich deep crimson. Very early; one of the brightest of the dark-colored sorts. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.



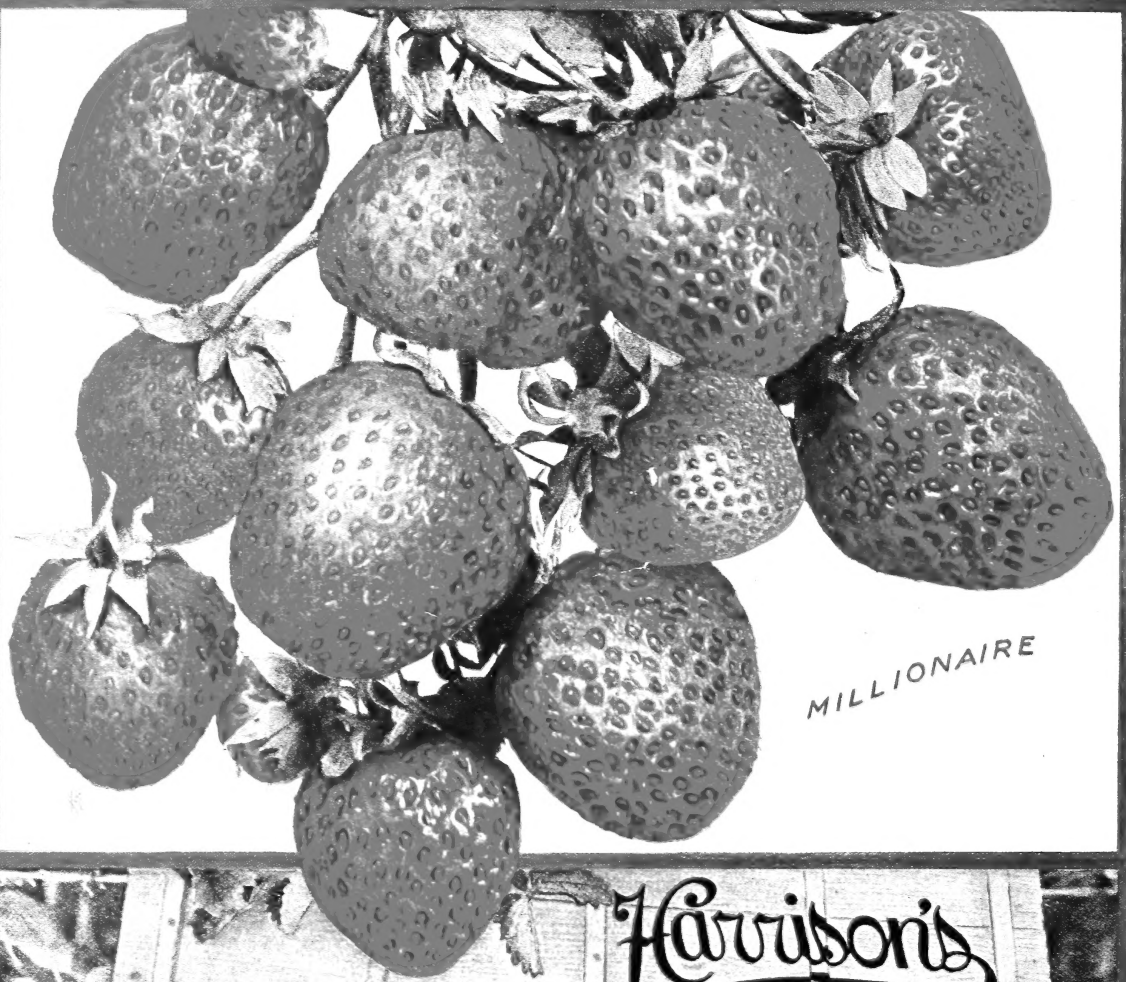
STAYMAN'S WINESAP

Harrison's
NURSERIES

BERLIN, MD.

CRAWFORD'S LATE





MILLIONAIRE

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NURSERIES
BERLIN, MD.

